THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 47. FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1832. NO. 68.

PUBLISHED BY NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
Near the S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (every Tuesday and Friday,) at $4 per annum, payable half yearly in advance. ☞It is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at $2 per annum, paid in advance, or $3 if not paid until the end of the year.

REES R. JONES,

TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND SEGAR

MANUFACTURER.

NO. 33 Hand street, Pittsburgh, offers for sale, on the most liberal terms—

Scotch and Rappee Snuff;
Box Tobacco, 2 and 3 lumps to the pound;
Ladies' Twist do 8 and 9 rolls do
Spun Plug do 2, 3, 5, and 6 rolls do
Virginia Twist do 5, 8, and 13 twists do
Cavendish do 1 do do
Spanish and half Spanish Cigars;
Melee and American do

☞All the above articles are warranted to be of the first quality. February 17, 1832.—tf

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

TARIFF FOUNDRY,

AND

STEAM ENGINE MANUFACTORY.

Fronting on First and Water streets, immediately below the Monongahela Bridge.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have added to their Steam Engine Manufactory AN AIR FOUNDRY, and are now ready to execute all kinds of Castings, with promptness and in the best manner. Grateful for past favors in the Steam Engine business, they respectfully solicit a continuance of them, and pledge the public that no efforts shall be wanting to give satisfaction.

J. F. & E. GREER.

June 23—1y

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.
December 21, 1827—tf.

FOR SALE.

300 REAMS of good Straw Wrapping Paper. GEO. A. COOK,
Sept 20 No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL: or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy*, Bart late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Iacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

50 BOXES EASTERN CUT TACKS, received on consignment, and for sale at manufacturers' prices, by

COCHRAN & IRWIN,
June 17 Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf *Executors.*

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.
Aug. 25, 1826.—tf *Allegheny Town*

BANK OF GEAUGA AT PAINESVILLE.—The Notes of this Institution are received at this office, at 2 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, Number 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
January 17.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have associated themselves, under the firm of SPIERS & RENFREW, for the purpose of building *STEAM ENGINES and TURNING LATHES*. Also, making Screw Stocks, Taps, and doing Turning, and Machine and Job Work generally.

They have rented that shop, in Second street, between Smithfield and Grant streets, formerly occupied by Francis Pratt, and are ready to execute any orders that they may be favored with.

GEORGE SPIERS,
JOHN RENFREW.
February 21, 1832.—2w3m

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.
Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

F. A. BEMIS & CO.

NO. 24 WATER STREET,

BUILD TO ORDER, Steam Engines, Boilers, Governors, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Shearing Machines, Blades, and Machinery, generally. Turning, of every description, done at a short notice

Pittsburgh, January 24—tf

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning. [VIA CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut—incorporated by the State of Connecticut—will make insurance against the dangers of Inland Navigation; on Steam, Keel, and Flat Boats, together with their cargoes, as well as on property in ships, on the high seas. Also, against fire, on every description of Buildings, and on Merchandise, Furniture, and Machinery contained therein.

Their terms will be as favorable as those of any other company in the United States; and all claims upon them will be promptly and liberally adjusted.

WM. W. ELLSWORTH, *President.*
THOS. C. PERKINS, *Secretary.*

☞The subscriber, having been appointed Surveyor for this city and vicinity, will make surveys of any of the above specified risks, and forward them to the General Agency at Cincinnati, where the Policies will be executed.

MOSES ATWOOD,
Corner of Wood and Front streets.
Pittsburgh, 14th Oct. 1831.—1y

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore.)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin.)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JULIEN DROCOURT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

THOMAS PLUMER, *Executor.*
HENRIETTA DROCOURT, *Executrix*
July 26, 1831.—tf

COPARTNERSHIP.—David W. Miller, (of the late firm of Miller & Clarke,) William Baird and Thomas Baldwin, of Pittsburgh, have this day associated themselves, for the purpose of transacting a *General Agency and Commission Business*, in this place, under the firm of BAIRD, MILLER & BALDWIN, and have rented one of the large brick warehouses on Water, between Wall and Fifth cross streets, where they are prepared to attend to any consignments, and business in general, which may be entrusted to their care and management. Louisville, Nov 1, 1831.

☞Refer to *Allen & Grant*, Pittsburgh, *C. Macallister, Jr. & Co.*, Cincinnati, *A. G. Jaudon & Co.*, or *Macalester & Yorke*, Philadelphia. *Whitall, Jaudon & Co.*, or *Yorke, Macalester & Co.*, New Orleans. Nov 4—tf

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,
Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.
To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.
Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.
Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, and therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.
December 30—tf

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.
March 22, 1831.—tf

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.
Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

BAYARDSTOWN STEEL WORKS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE public are respectfully informed that these works, under the late firm of S. Broadmeadow & Co., are now continued in operation by S. Broadmeadow, to whom all orders are requested to be directed.

S. Broadmeadow, having had much experience in England, in the manufacturing of this article, has succeeded in making from the American Iron, in Pittsburgh, Steel of equal quality to that imported, to the entire satisfaction of those friends who have favored him with their orders.

Part of the steel made by him has the brand of P. Shoenberger, and subsequently of P. Shoenberger & Son: but as those gentlemen are about to commence the same business, the iron manufacturer's name will in future be discontinued, and the steel manufacturer's name labeled on the bar.

It is considered quite unnecessary, at this date, to say any thing more than to observe that three years' experience has fixed its value, and thirteen of the most respectable scientific mechanics of this city have testified to this, through the medium of the public papers, two years ago. Nov 25

THOMAS L. SHIELDS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW:

OFFICE at the South West corner of Market street and the Diamond—entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. Dec. 20, 1831.—tf

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE.

PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call. Dec. 24.—tf.

500 DOZEN of Waldron's, Griffin's, Passmore's, Blanchard's, and Stone's Corn, Grass, and German SCYTHES. Also, Scythe Rifles, Darby Creek, Milan, and Real English, *Rag Stones*—for sale by

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co.
March 16—tf.

REMOVAL.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO. have removed to their New Warehouse, one door west of Market, on Water street—second building below their old stand. March 9.

BENJAMIN DARLINGTON,

NO. 49 MARKET STREET,

HAS just received and is now opening a very general assortment of *Hardware, Cutlery, and Saddlery*—all which is offered low Wholesale or Retail.

LOTS.

Also, a number of valuable Building Lots for sale. For terms, apply as above.
February 7, 1832.—tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.
Mobile, May 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

LIQUORS.

3 PIPES Bordeaux Brandy;
2 do Holland Gin;
30 Quarter Casks Sweet Malaga Wine.
Just received and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
March 9.

D. & J. KING

Are now opening, at No. 92 Market street.

A FRESH assortment of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS; among which are Ingrain and Venitian Carpeting, and Hearth Rugs; *Leghorn Hats and Bonnets; English and Fancy Dunstables; Ladies' and Misses' Gimp Bonnets, and Traveling Baskets.*

Also, a variety of BLUE, BLACK, DRAKE-NECK, ADELAIDE, and other *BROAD CLOTHS. Summer Cloths; Merino* and other *Cassimeres*, suited for the present and approaching season, which they offer to sell, Wholesale or Retail, on the *most reasonable terms.* Pittsburgh, March, 1832.—tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.

STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.
Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

HOGE & WAINWRIGHT,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

RESPECTFULLY request the attention of Country Merchants, Saddlers, and others, to their Stock of Goods, a greater part of which is of their own importation: and in part, consists of Griffin's, Waldron's, Passmore's, and Wilson's Scythes; Knives and Forks; Pen, Pocket, and Blade Knives; Locks; Latches; Butt Hinges; Screws; Sheep Shears; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel—a fine assortment of Waiters, &c. &c.

Having made arrangements for the importation of our own Goods in future, and determined to use every exertion to give satisfaction, we feel confident that we shall be enabled to meet the wishes of those who may favor us with their custom.

Pittsburgh, March 23, 1832.—tf

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,
March 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

NEW WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS STORE,

NUMBER **84** WOOD STREET,

Corner of Diamond Alley.

JOHN H. BROWN & CO.

ARE now opening a well selected and general assortment of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Purchased for Cash, in the New York and Philadelphia Markets, which they offer by the piece of package, at a small advance.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1832.—tf

DENTISTRY.

DOCTOR WARE very respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that he has taken an office, No. 36 Patterson's Buildings, Saint Clair street, where he holds himself in readiness, from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 6 P. M., to perform all operations connected with Scientific Surgical Dentistry.

Doct. W. politely solicits a share of public patronage. All work done to the entire satisfaction of the patient, or no charges made. The worst cases of diseased gums cured; loose teeth, in adults made firm, where they have become so from an unhealthy state of the gums.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Dentrifice, warranted to prevent tartar collecting on the teeth, and a preserver of the gums from disease, at No. 12 Fifth street. ☞If required, Ladies will be waited on at their residence.

Pittsburgh, March 2.—3mo.

PRESSED GLASS KNOBS.

THE subscribers, having purchased from the New England Glass Company the exclusive right to make Patent Pressed Glass Knobs west of the Allegheny Mountains, hereby caution all persons against making, buying, or selling the same, except such as are manufactured by the Patentees, or

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS.
May 9 1832.—tf

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

NOTICE.

THE public will please to take notice that the partnership heretofore existing between William B. Barnett and James S. Barnett, is this day dissolved, not by mutual consent, but by the power that one of the partners holds in his hands.

Pittsburgh, 5th day of March, 1832.

All persons are hereby forbid trusting either of the partners on the responsibility of the other.

JAMES S. BARNETT.
March 9, 1832.

TO LUMBER MERCHANTS.

A PART of the premises of the late James S. Stevenson will be leased for a term of years. The situation for a Lumber Yard is a most advantageous one; the greater part of the ground is immediately adjoining the Allegheny river, with a landing on Wayne street, which gives to the premises the decided advantage over any other yard. For further particulars, inquire of

GEORGE OGDEN,
Corner of Wood and Second streets.
January 24, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }
Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

JUST RECEIVED,

AN Assortment of *Curtain Bands, Knobs, Rings, Fringe, Locks, &c.*, suitable for furnishing Steam Boats—on accommodating terms, by SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co.,
Corner of Wood and Fifth streets.
Pittsburgh, March 15—tf.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
October 21, 1831.—tf

HARDWARE.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK & Co. are now opening a very extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, and Plated Ware, to which they most respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants and Saddlers. A large proportion of their goods have been imported direct from Liverpool, (England,) *via* New Orleans, and will be sold on accommodating terms.

March 16—tf.

MERCHANTS, and men of business generally, will find it to their advantage to call at this office, and have their uncurrent paper exchanged. Every description of *Bank Note paper* received at reduced rates. The highest premium is, in all cases, paid for *Foreign and American Gold, Drafts and Notes of hand* collected. ☞GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Jan. 27.

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.
April 13, 1832.—tf

COMMISSION HOUSE.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in Natchez, Mississippi, with the design of transacting a *GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS*. He will attend, particularly, to the sale of Northern Produce and Manufactures, and to the purchase and shipment of Cotton. Consignments or orders, addressed to him, will meet with prompt attention; and no exertion shall be wanting to promote the interests, and merit the confidence of those who may entrust him with business. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his northern friends.

ALFRED COCHRAN.
Natchez, March 10, 1832.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
Commission Merchant,

NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI.

Refer to
Messrs. COCHRAN & IRWIN, Pittsburgh.
G. W. BARCLAY & Co. Louisville,
STEPHEN DUNCAN, Esq., Natchez,
JOHN LINTON, Esq., New Orleans.
March 27, 1832.—6m.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing, under the firm of Wm. G. Davis & Co., Blairsville, Pa., and Wm. G. Davis & Co., Wheeling, Va., is dissolved by mutual consent.

Any persons having unsettled accounts against either of the above concerns, will please present them for payment to John D. Davis & Co.; and those indebted, are requested to make payments without delay, to either of the subscribers.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, 30th March, 1832.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have associated themselves together in business, under the firm of JOHN D. DAVIS & CO., as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants: and respectfully offer their services to their friends and the public. No 38, Water, and 78, Front streets.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. G. DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, March 30, 1832.—tf.

MACHINE CARDS.

A COMPLETE Assortment, from the established Manufactory of James Smith & Co., Leicester, Mass., is offered for sale, *(at lower prices than ever sold in this city,)* by the subscribers, their sole Agents.

McKEE, CLARKE & CO.
April 24, 1832.—2m. 39 Water street.

CITY BATHS,

Corner of Market and Second streets.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public in general, that the above establishment has been newly fitted up, and is now open for visitors. He also takes this opportunity to express his grateful thanks for the patronage heretofore extended to him, and hopes, by assiduity and attention to business, to merit a continuance of the favors of a liberal public. *J. B. VASHON.*
April 27.—2m.

TOBACCO.

30 HHDS. New Leaf TOBACCO;
150,000 Common CIGARS.
For sale by M. ATWOOD,
April 20. No. 84 Front street.

REMOVAL.

L. & P. PETERSON have removed to No. 45, Front street, next door to C. Gleim's Tavern, and near the Post Office, on Second street. April 20—6w.

Curled Hair Mattrasses,

OF a superior quality, constantly on hand, or made to order, at less than eastern prices, at the Carpet and Furnishing Warehouse, No. 26 Wood street. A. M'FADDEN.

N. B.—7,000 lbs. Curled Hair, (in the rope,) on consignment, and will be sold at eastern prices, with the addition of carriage. A. M'F.
April 20—tf

Eighty Shares of Beaver Bridge Stock

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will sell the above number of Shares in the Beaver Bridge Company, the Stock of which is valuable, nets at present a good dividend, and it is thought will net from 8 to 10 per cent. when the Beaver Canal is completed. For particulars, inquire of S. Baird & Co., Merchants, corner of Fifth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, or to the subscribers, Merchants, Philadelphia. BROWN & AGNEW.

☞The Beaver Argus will publish the above for 6 months, unless previously discontinued, and charge this office.
May 4, 1832.—6mo.

THE FRENCH FIRE KING, M. CHABERT'S

TAPUYAS ELIXIR,

AN INSTANTANEOUS CURE FOR THE

TOOTH ACHE.

THERE was never, perhaps, any compound which deserved more the epithet of specific. The celebrity it has acquired in this country and Europe, has ranked it amongst the valuable remedies in the art of curing, in a few seconds, the most obstinate and acute pain. Its efficacy against SCURVY, without being so quick, is not less certain and powerful.

☞*For sale, by special appointment, only by B. A. Fahnestock, corner of Sixth and Wood streets, and H. P. Schwartz & Co., No. 42 Market street, 2d door below 3d street, who are Agents for M. Chabert.* May 4—6t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 10, for 1832: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 19th of May, 1832. Yates & M'Intyre Managers. Sixty Number Lottery—Nine Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000 is		$30,000
1	15,000		15,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	1,070		1,070
40	1,000		40,000
40	500		20,000
51	100		5,100
54	70		3,570
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
1479	20		29,580
11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets.			$273,760

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

JOHN SIBBET,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000 and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
May 9, 1832.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

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40	1,000		40,000
40	500		20,000
51	100		5,100
51	70		3,570
51	50		2,550
102	40		4,080
102	30		3,060
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11475	10		114,750
34220 tickets.			$273,760

Tickets,	$10 00	Halves,	$5 00
Quarters,	2 50	Eighths,	1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS!!
May 8, 1832.

Ten Acre Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale Eight Lots of Ground, situated in view of the town of East Liberty, containing about 10 acres each.

The above Lots are handsomely located; suitable for country residences. The terms will be accommodating to purchasers. For a plan of the lots and other particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES LAUGHLIN.
May 8, 1832.—tf

PITTSBURGH PRICES CURRENT.—Corrected weekly by Riddle, Forsyth & Co.

pot, lb.	4½ a5	Steel, co. lb	7 a 8†
pearl,	5	sad irons	6†
Ashes, sc. salts	3½ a 4½	Lead, in pigs	6a6½§
black salts	4a4½†	in bars	6½§
Axes, doz.	$14 a 16†	white, in kegs	$3†
Augers, qr.	6†	dry, lb.	12½†
Alum, lb.	6	Shot, all sizes,	7a8†
Bacon, lb.	5a5½†	Leather, sole,	28§
Butter, keg,	9½†	upper, doz.	$27a30†
Bags, 3 bu. tw.	45 a 50†	calf skins,	20 a 24§
Beans, sh. bush.	75§	Lard,	8½§
Biscuit, sea, b.	3 50 a 4†	Logwood,	2†
w. crack. bbl.	$4 75†	Molasses,	35a37§
Beer,	3 †	Nails, Jun. bra.	10d 6½§
Coals, bush.	7†		8d 6½§
Candles, lb.	9½		6d 7§
Copperas	2½a3†		4d 8½§
Cheese	6¼†	other	7 §
Cordage, Ky.	8 a 11§	Oil, flaxseed, gal.	$1 25*
Irwin's	9 a 15	tanners', bbl.	$19 a 20†
Coffee, g.in bgs.	13½a15§	Onions, bushl.	$ 1§
Cotton Wool	10a12½§	Paper	
Cassinets,	40 a 110†	cap, No. 1 rm.	$3½†
Cotton Goods,		No. 2,	2¾†
3-4 Plaids, n. 1. y.	11a12†	No. 3,	2¼†
4-4 Checks	13 a 21†	letter	2 50 a 4†
3-4 Stripes	17†	crown wrap.	$1 25
Cot. yarns, lb. No. 5,	25§	medium do.	$1 75a2†
Flour, obl.	$3 87a4*	paper hang's	p. 37a35
Feathers	35§	Pork, fresh lb.	3½ a 4
Flax, scutched, lb.	6½a7†	pkd. mess, bbl.	none
hatcheled,	9a10½*	prime,	do.
Flannels, cy. 4-4	40a50*	Potatoes, bush.	37a43§
Fish—bbl.		Rags, Ohio,	4½*
New herring,	$6a8§	do. K'y.	4§
shad,	11a12§	Sugar, N.O.lo.	6½a7½*
mack'l.	5a9†	country,	7§
Grain, wheat, bu.	62½†	lump,	15 a 16†
barley	40†	loaf,	14 a 17†
rye	37½†	Salt,	$2½ §
corn	31§	Soap, lb.	5 a 8†
Glass, 8 by 10, box	$3¾a4†	Sifters—doz.	
10 by 12,	$4¾a5†	wire No. 14, 16,	$5
12 by 18,	$9 00†	Spades & shovels	$8
Bottles, porter groc	9†	Tobacco	
gallon doz.	2½†	keg, lb.	5 a 10cts†
½ do.	1½†	leaf,	2a3†
¼ do.	87½cts†	Tallow, rendered	8†
pint	62½†	rough	6†
Gunpowder, keg	$5½ a6†	Tea. Y.H. lb.	90a$1 6*
Hemp, ton	$118§	H. skin,	70 a 75§
Hides, Span. lb.	3a15†	imperial,	1,35a1,45§
green	5§	Wax. bees'	19*
Indigo, Span lb.	1†	Wool.	26 a 28*
Bengal,	1½ a 1¾†	Wool hats, doz.	$5½a6§
Iron, b. Jun. t	$120§	Whisk. o. gall.	35a40c†
blooms, Jun.	$95§	new	27†
rolled	115§	Vices, bright	12½†
sheet, cwt.	9½§	black	9½ a 10†
pig, ton	$ 38a40§	4-4 br. Sheetg.	11a 12†

REMARKS—* demand; § scarce; † plenty.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. J. SUMNER, having discovered an infallible cure for different species of *HERNIA or RUPTURE*, by an external application of ointment, without inconvenience to the patient; which ointment, prepared only by himself, he now offers for sale to all who are afflicted with the above complaint, being confident of success from the many proofs he has had of its efficacy—likewise, he considers it a duty to give to the public a fair statement of his own case.

For fifteen years he was sorely afflicted with two Ruptures, the pains of which were so severe, that he was compelled to relinquish all active business, wearing a Truss, and keeping himself a long period mostly confined, and had nearly gave up all hope of ever enjoying a comfortable state of health.—In this dilemma he was forcibly struck with the old adage, that there never was an evil without a remedy, and forthwith commenced a series of experiments upon himself, which through Divine Providence resulted in a complete and radical cure. JOHN SUMNER,

No. 139 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

This may certify, That my Son, aged thirteen years, was afflicted with a Rupture for three years, and was under the necessity of wearing the Truss constantly, but without any other effect than a temporary relief, and was effectually cured by Dr. J. Sumner in about three weeks time.

JOHN C. DOUGLAS.

No. 131 *South Eleventh street, Philadelphia*

This may Certify, That I have been afflicted with a Rupture for between four and five years, and have been effectually cured by Doctor J. Sumner, in about five weeks time.

JOHN VASEY,

Corner of York Road and Coates street, Philada.

I Certify, That I was afflicted with a Rupture for four years, and was effectually cured by the application of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT, in the term of four weeks. E. WILSON.

I Certify, That my Son David, was effectually cured of a Rupture in three weeks time, of twelve years standing, by making use of Dr. Sumner's OINTMENT. D. COX.

The above Certificates are deemed sufficient, and many others might be obtained, and many references can be given.

☞ FINDLAY & MADEIRA are Agents for the above Medicine, corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh.

March 29, 1831.—w1mo&mtf.

JOHN DALZELL & JOSIAH KING

Being associated in the Grocery and Commision Business, under the firm of

JOHN DALZELL & CO.

AT NUMBER 170, corner of Liberty and Irwin streets, Pittsburgh, invite the influence and patronage of their respective friends and the public to their present large and various stock, consisting in part of

80 Packages Fresh Imperial, G. P. Y. H. and Souchong Teas;
150 Bags Rio and Java Coffee;
25 do. Pepper and Alspice;
8 Hhds. Lump and Loaf Sugar;
10 Boxes Havanna do.;
50 Casks Salt Petre;
100 Kegs Rock and Rifle Powder;
4,000 Lbs. Spanish Sole Leather;
200,000 do. Bacon, Pittsburgh cured;

Which, with the minor articles of Groceries—Iron, Nails, Soap, Candles, Tobacco, and all other Pittsburgh manufactured goods—render the whole well deserving the attention of Merchants and others visiting this market for supplies.

Their Store and Ware Rooms, being commodious and eligibly situated for the purpose, they will always give prompt attention to the *Storage, Transit, or Sale on Commission*, at moderate charges, of any Merchandise or Produce entrusted to their care.

ALSO,

Just Landing, and for Sale, as above,

500 barrels and half barrels No. 2 Mackerel;
150 barrels Tanners' Oil;
10 hogsheads Sperm. Oil;
12 do. Cod Fish;
60 do. New Orleans Sugar;
75 casks New Orleans Molasses;
200M Kentucky Segars.

Flour and Whiskey always bought and sold. Also, on hand, a large stock of every description of foreign WINES & SPIRITS, warranted pure: in original casks, or put up to order.

March 6, 1832.—tf

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that the undersigned have opened their Coffee House Establishment, at the late country residence of Judge Wilkins, alias, The Gully, (about one mile from the city, between the Watson road and Coal Lane.) Having provided themselves with the best of refreshments, they hope that a generous public will patronize them.

Francis R. Le Goullon & Junck.

May 4.—w3t*

Pittsburgh Seminary

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

South East Corner of Grant & Second Sts.

THE want of a permanent institution, located in the city, in which females should receive a useful and finished education, seems long to have been deeply felt by the inhabitants of this flourishing and wealthy city.

From the frequent and earnest solicitations of her friends, Miss Parry has, at length, undertaken to establish and carry into effective operation an Institution calculated, not only to supply the deficiency for which it is more immediately intended, but to offer such advantages as may render it worthy the patronage of the intelligent citizens of neigboring places.

The object of this seminary is, to inculcate sound principles, inform the mind, refine the taste, and form the character; to effect this, there will be a strict and well-ordered system of government as well as of instruction: for little can be accomplished in the great business of education without efficient regulations and good order.

The building is spacious and handsomely situated in the most elevated and healthy part of the city, commanding a fine view of the Monongahela, and the adjacent hills. It is sufficiently central for the convenience of day scholars, and yet retired from the noise of business.

In the English department the branches are Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Composition, Geography, and Astronomy, with the use of the Globes, History, Chronology, Botany, Chymistry, Rhetoric, Natural and Moral Philosophy.

English branches,	$8 00 per qr.
(Each qr. to consist of 12 weeks.)	
Music,	10 00
French,	8 00
Drawing in pencil, crayon, and water colors,	8 00
Oil Painting,	10 00

Boarding and tuition, including all the branches, two hundred dollars per annum. Each pupil must be supplied, by the parent or guardian, with a mattress, bedding, towels, combs, brushes, soap, and silver cup, table and tea spoon, with the initials of the name engraved on each. Each pupil required to repair and keep her own clothes in good order. Washing, stationery, &c. are extras. No charge made for the summer vacation, commencing on the twenty-third of July, and terminating on the thirty-first of August. No pupil engaged for a shorter period than two quarters; first quarter to be paid in advance. One month's notice to be given previous to withdrawing a pupil.

The Rev. Dr. Bruce, President of the Western University, and Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in that Institution, will give lectures on Astronomy. Competent masters are engaged for the different branches.

REFERENCES.—Rev. Robert Bruce, D. D.
Rev. G. Upfold, D. D.
Rev. C. Avery,
Dr. P. Mowry,
J. M. Snowden,
H. Holdship,
J. D. Davis,
N. B. Craig,
Hon. H. Denny.

Feb. 7.—tf.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

1. *The Life of George Washington*, Commander in Chief of the American Forces during the War which established the Independence of his Country, and First President of the U. States. 2d Edition. By John Marshall. With a Portrait. In two volumes, and an Atlas.
2. *Lempriere's Classical Dictionary*, 7th edition.
3. The Spy, a Tale of the Neutral Ground, being Nos. 23, 24, of Library of Select Novels.
4. Adventures of the Columbia River, including the Narrative of a residence of six years on the Western side of the Rocky Mountains, among various tribes of Indians, hitherto unknown, together with a Journey across the American continent. By Ross Cox.
5. A Medical and Topographical History of the Cholera Morbus, including the Mode of Prevention and Treatment. By Scouttetten.
6. Retrospections of the Stage. By John Bernard.
7. The Sister's Budget. A collection of Original Tales.
8. Lectures upon the Principle of Commercial Integrity, and the duties subsisting between a Debtor and his Creditors. By Joseph Hopkinson.

Just received, and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.

May 4.—4t Opposite Pittsburgh Bank.

NEW WHOLESALE

Grocery and Commission Warehouse,

NUMBER 168 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers are now receiving, from the eastern markets, and offer for sale, on accommodating terms, a large and well selected assortment of GROCERIES, consisting, in part, of the following articles, viz:—

Rio, Laguira, Java, and St. Domingo Coffee;
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial Teas;
Single and Double Refined Loaf Sugar;
Bengal and Spanish F. Indigo;
Madder, Alum, Ginger;
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon;
Cloves, Nutmegs, Raisins;
Figs, Almonds, &c.;
Salt Petre, Epsom and Glauber Salts;
New Orleans and Sugar House Molasses;
Best Spanish Segar, Cavendish & Spun Tobacco;
New Orleans Sugar;
Madeira, Teneriffe, Malaga and Lisbon Wine;
Jam. Spirits, Cogniac and Common Brandy;
Holland Gin, N. E. Rum, &c. &c.

STROOP & CAROTHERS.

☞ The highest price in cash or groceries will be paid for all kinds of country produce.

December 23—tf

PROCLAMATION.

BY virtue of a precept, under the hands of the Honorable Charles Shaler, President of the Fifth Judicial District, composed of the county of Allegheny, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offences in said District, and James Riddle, and Francis McClure, Associate Judges of the same county, dated the 14th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 25th day of June next—PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all justices of the Peace, Coroner, and the Constables within the County of Allegheny, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their respective offices in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, to all those who will prosecute the prisoners, who now are or may then be in the jail of Allegheny County, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Pittsburgh, this fifteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two.

WILLIAM LECKY, Sheriff.

April 20, 1832.

Venetian Blind Factory.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public, that he still continues to pursue the above business in all its variety, viz: Hall Doors, and Window Shutters, on the improved New York plan, together with the inside half and draw blind, a constant supply of which will be kept on hand at the factory in Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

ABR'M. WESTERVELT.

N. B. To any who may be disposed to purchase by the quantity, for retail, a liberal deduction will be made.

Feb. 24, 1832.—6mw

POETRY.

From the New England Farmer.

The following is from the Edinburgh Literary Journal, which vouches for its having been written by the noble author, some years ago.

HYMN.

BY THE LORD CHANCELLOR.

"There is a God," all nature cries;
A thousand tongues proclaim
His Arm almighty, Mind all-wise,
And bid each voice in chorus rise
To magnify his name.

Thy name, great Nature's Sire divine,
Assiduous we adore;
Rejecting godheads, at whose shrine
Benighted nations blood and wine
In vain libations pour.

Yon countless worlds in boundless space,
Myriads of miles each hour
Their mighty orbs as curious trace,
As the blue circle studs the face
Of that enamell'd flower.

But Thou, too, mad'st that flowret gay,
To glitter in the dawn;
The hand that made the lamp of day,
The blazing comet launched away,
Painted the velvet lawn.

As falls the sparrow to the ground,
Obedient to thy will,
By the same law those globes move round
Each drawing each, yet all still found
One order to fulfil.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

From the Baltimore Patriot.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM FRANCE.

The ship Fame, Capt. Winsor, has arrived at New York from Havre, and brings papers from that place to the 31st of March, and from Paris to the 30th.

The Cholera was spreading in Paris, and the Diligences from the capital were filled with people flying before the pestilence. During the three days preceding the 30th, 58 patients had been carried to the Cholera Hospital, 15 of whom had already died. Besides these 8 other deaths had occurred during the same period. Eighteen new cases had occurred on the 30th, and been reported, up to half past 4 o'clock. As in England, the victims are nearly all of the lower classes of the population—those of dissipated habits, living in narrow filthy streets, and dirty apartments. The panic, however, was great among the higher classes; more temperance in diet is observed; and several of the deputies were preparing to leave the capital.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

Paris, March 30, 8 *o'clock, A. M.*—In the last three days 58 patients have been carried to the Cholera Hospital, 15 of whom are since dead. Besides these, 8 deaths have occurred in different parts of the city, viz. 1 in St. Antoine street, 1 in St. Jean arcade, 1 in Calandre street, 2 in Beau-regard, 1 in Haut Matin, 1 in Mazarine, and 1 in des Jardins.

The number of cases in private houses is not yet ascertained. Nearly all who have been attacked belong to the lower ranks of society, and live in confined and crowded, and consequently unhealthy places. It appears that a want of cleanliness is one of the principal causes of the disease.

We think it is the duty of the government to provide the poor, so numerous in Paris, with wholesome food and clothing. This means, which is already practised in London, would probably save the lives of thousands.

It is a remarkable fact that this malady made its appearance under the influence of a North wind, which has continued to blow for three days.

Moreover it is certain that the disease is not at all contagious, as up to this time no physician or other person employed about the sick, has been attacked.

This circumstance will serve to calm the panic which has seized a great many families who are preparing to leave the capital, not reflecting that if the disease was contagious, it would soon follow them to their places of retreat.

P. S. Half past 4, *P. M.*—Eighteen new cases have been announced to-day; 14 have been sent to the Hotel Dieu, 1 to the Hospital Necker, and 1 to la Pitie.

The weather continues mild, and the wind still blows from the North East.

In general there is not much panic among the higher classes, though great changes have been observed in the diet of those who frequent the coffee houses and restorateurs, and also in the regimen of private families.

ITALY.

The accounts from Ancona exhibit extraordinary animation since it has been occupied by the French troops, and that amongst other changes for the better, effected by the display of the tri-colored flag, the books prohibited by the black list of the Congregation were now freely circulating; among the rest one entitled '*Even and Odd*, or the Popedom under all the Gregories,' showing that all the Popes of the name of Gregory, who added to their name an odd number, namely, I., III., V., VII., IX., XI., XIII., and XV., contributed much to the aggrandisement of the Holy See, whilst those whose cardinal number was even, namely, II., IV., VI., VIII., X., XII., XIV., and finally, his present Holiness, Gregory XVI., have invariably diminished the Papal dominions and temporal power. No wonder that a hint so ominous, *prospectively*, should have been struck with an interdict from the Vatican. The Marengo, ship of the line, had landed 1,300 men; and, on the 13th, four transports had arrived with artillery, and further reinforcements of troops, amongst whom were 200 cannoneers. The Austrians, on the other hand, were not altogether idle spectators, having moved forward 22 battalions of infantry from Bologna towards Rimini, on the high road to Ancona; whilst other strong columns were pushing on from the side of Tuscany into the Papal Territory.

Even the King of Naples was concentrating his troops, and projecting camps of observation on the Roman frontiers; but the Pope had declined his proffered assistance, deeming it quite sufficient to be already overrun by the armies of two peace-loving Powers, without courting the embarrassing presence of a third set of armed pacificators. His resources and means of entertaining such numerous uninvited guests were already failing; Cardinal Albani's forced loan having met with little success, and the faithful being now-a-days not over fond of bestowing pious gifts on the Holy Father—nor were voluntary loans in the open money market, amongst heretics and Jews, so easily negotiated, as nearly a century ago, Voltaire, that shrewd financier and poet observed—

'Le Pape a des honneurs, l'Anglais a du credit.'

Rome, March 13. (*Private Correspondence.*)—'All foreign newspapers are prohibited, except those for the several Ambassadors and other diplomatic residents. His Holiness refuses to make any further concessions than those granted by the edict. Prince Frederick of Nassau has reached Ferrara with a reinforcement of 2000 Austrians. Reinforcements have been sent to Civita Vecchia, though not a single French ship of war has been seen off that port. It appears to be decided, that in case the French land on the coast of the Mediterranean, the Austrians are to occupy Rome and the Castle of St. Angelo. The French are collecting considerable forces in Corsica.'

A letter from Leghorn, dated 19th inst., says:—'Though Austria holds out that she is in accord with France, she is taking possession of the strongest positions in this country. The passage of the Tyrol and of Upper Italy is encumbered with her troops. The Cabinet of Turin, which always acts in concert with that of Vienna, has, after having completed its army, just made an extraordinary levy of men for its navy throughout the state of Genoa, and is arming all its ships of war.

Paris, March 30.—The Minister of War is said to be engaged in endeavoring to ameliorate the condition of the Polish refugees, and has decided that from the 1st inst. the following allowances for lodging shall be granted to the officers, namely, to the superior officers and captains, 18fr. a month, and lieutenants and sub-lieutenants, 12fr. a month each. The pay of the non-commissioned officers has been fixed at 8 sous a day, and a ration of bread.

The Nouvelliste formally denies that there is any foundation for the reports in circulation of the intended recall of the troops at Ancona.

A letter from Toulon, dated the 21st says:—'Orders have arrived here to fit out 30 ships of war, of which six are to be of the line, six frigates, and 18 of lesser force. These preparations have given rise to a thousand conjectures. Some persons assert that these armaments are destined for the expedition in contemplation against Constantine and Bona.'

Paris, March 30.—Never was the news from abroad so contradictory as it has been to-day. At London they are expecting peace from the ratification of the great Powers, (minus one;) at Vienna they talk of pacificating the Roman States by means of Protocols,—and of a mutual evacuation by the French and Austrians,—while letters from Italy state that the French are fortifying themselves at Ancona, and the Austrians taking a position on the route to that city, and accumulating new forces in Lombardy and Tyrol. Letters from Berlin, received to-day, savor of war; they represent Russia as concentrating troops in Poland, and the war party as intriguing with the Cabinet of Berlin. In fine, Brussels and the Hague are ripe for war. The Dutch, on the 27th, sent 6,000 men to Eyndhoven, (North Brabant,) and the Dutch army was preparing for a movement along the whole line.—And again it is stated that several Belgian regiments have received orders to advance towards the Dutch frontiers. Great activity is observed in the bureaux of the general staff of the army.—What shall we say to all these reports? Is it probable that the Northern Powers will suffer France to interfere in the affairs of Belgium? The whole forms a political riddle which it is difficult to unravel.

Brussels, March 28.—By an extraordinary Courier from the Hague, our government has received to-day, news of the utmost importance. By a courier at the Hague from London, the Dutch government is informed by its Minister at London, that the conference will not admit the modification which King William desires in the treaty of Nov. 15th, and that the representatives of England and France demanded in the most positive manner the ratification of that treaty by Russia, Austria, and Prussia, as preliminary to negotiations on any other subject. By the same courier the English Minister received orders from his government to represent that the pretensions of King William cannot be complied with, and that the governments of France and England feel their honor compromised by so long delay. On the 22d Count Orloff received dispatches from the Russian Minister at London, informing him that notwithstanding all which had been done to induce the English and French governments to relax, those governments had declared that nothing but the treaty of Nov. 15th would be ratified. On the 23d Count Orloff had a conference with the minister of King William in which he represented that the propositions of the King were inadmissible. The peace of Europe, he said, ought not to remain problematic on account of this state of things. If therefore his Majesty would not relinquish his position, France would invade Holland, and Russia would remain neutral. On account of these representations he demanded a positive answer, whether the King would or would not ratify the treaty of Nov. 15th. The Minister of foreign affairs having answered in the negative, Count O. declared that the Emperor Nicholas abandoned the King of Holland to his fate. He then quitted the Hague, and set off for London. On the 25th the plenipotentiaries of Austria and Prussia at the Hague sent in the ratifications of their sovereigns respectively.

ALGIERS.

We have received files of Paris papers down to the 22d ult.—*Nat. Gaz.*

On the 20th, in the Chamber of Deputies,

"Marshal Clausel wished to know whether the Government intended to occupy or abandon Algiers, and entered into long details, to show that in climate, fertility, and every other advantage which could be desired in a colony, it was preferable to any other of the French colonial possessions.

"M. Delaborde, General Lamarque, and M. Boyer de Peircleau, confirmed the statements of Marshal Clausel, and the latter took occasion to suggest various improvements in the mode of colonial administration.

"The Minister of War said that the Chamber could not expect him to enter into specific or precise explanations on the subject of Algiers. It was sufficient for him to state that France occupied Oran, and would shortly occupy Bona, where she had always had establishments to protect the coral fisheries. Every proper disposition had been taken to remain at Algiers; buildings were erected, and military and civil establishments formed, and there was nothing in proceedings or preparations of Government, which could induce a supposition that there was any intention of abandoning the conquest. This was all he could say on the subject."

Short Passages.—The brig Paragon, Captain Remington, arrived on Saturday from Havana, in 7 day's passage. She was absent from this city 29 days; had 5 days, passage out; lay 17 days in Havana, and had 7 days home. The ship Edward Bonnaffe, Campbell, also arrived on Saturday from New Orleans, in 12 days—had 11 days out, and lay 11 days in New Orleans—making 44 days in performing the voyage. Brig Commerce, captain Yardsley, went out to St. Thomas in 8½ days, and the ship Equator, Glover, performed her passage to Charleston in 48 and a half hours.—But this is not all, Mr. Sanderson of the Coffee House, through the politeness of captain Banker, of the steam boat Franklin, had Boston papers of Friday morning upon file at half past 4 o'clock, P. M. on Saturday. This extraordinary dispatch was accomplished by the arrival of the Franklin at New York, previous to the departure of the Union Line for this city, by which conveyance they came to hand. It is now possible for a traveller to leave Boston on Friday morning, and take tea with his friends in Philadelphia on Saturday afternoon. By the recent regulation of the mail we are now supplied every evening with Alexandria, Washington, Baltimore, and New York papers of the same morning.—*Philadelphia Coffee House Books.*

The military power of the European monarchies involves their own decay, or at least retards their advancement in real national resources. Austria, with a revenue of fifty-two millions of dollars, keeps up in peace an army of two hundred and seventy thousand men; the United States, with an income of twenty-five or 26 millions, has an army of six thousand men. Austria has a debt of 200 millions of dollars; that of the United States is nearly discharged. There is no question about the comparative happiness of the people of two countries in such opposite circumstances; can there be any more as to their respective real sources? The wealth of one country is swallowed up by wars; that of the other goes to the improvement of the soil and the augmentation of capital. In Austria, the labor of one man out of every 118 is lost to the country, and, at the same time, every 117 men are charged with the support of one unproductive person. In the United States, only one out of 2,166 is thus idle himself, and chargeable to the community.—*Balt. American.*

Population of Russia.—According to the latest estimate, the male population of the Russian Empire amounts to 22,000,000. If to this be added the females, computed at somewhat fewer numbers than the male, as well as the population of Poland and Finland, which are estimated at 5,800,000, the entire population of Russia will be scarcely short of 49,000,000.—*Balt. Amer.*

Bells at Sea.—It has been ascertained that Chinese Gongs emit much louder and clearer sounds than Bells at Sea. A portion of the English Marine, has therefore substituted them for the bells heretofore employed.

From the National Gazette of May 1.

THE NORTH-EASTERN BOUNDARY.

Mr. Preble's Confidential Correspondence.—The Eastern Argus of Tuesday contains all the confidential letters written by the Agent of Maine to Governor Smith, relative to the North-Eastern Boundary, on which were founded the proceedings in the secret session of the Legislature.

The first letter informs the Governor that Mr. Bankhead, the British Charge d' Affaires, had called on the Government to carry into effect the award of the Arbiter.

The second letter gives an account of his interview with Mr. Tazewell, chairman of the Committee of Foreign Relations, in which Mr. Tazewell endeavored to sustain and enforce the position that Maine, in resisting the advice of the Arbiter, was jeopardizing her own interests,—that by setting that advice aside, Maine would be more likely to fare worse than better—that she had better acquiesce than contend farther, &c. Mr. Preble also mentions that he had an interview with Messrs. Calhoun and Clay, both of whom, he thinks, are evidently inclined to seize, with or without foundation, upon mere matters of form, as an excuse for declining to act upon the subject.

Letter third gives an account of what took place at a meeting of the Maine delegation in Congress, at which the business of the boundary was the subject of consultation and deliberation. The following extract contains the substance of the proposition of the Executive:

"The delegation agree in the views expressed in my letter, which I took occasion to lay before them, and concur in the sentiment and apprehension that Maine will probably be ultimately compelled to acquiesce in the award, with a claim for indemnity. We do not despair altogether; yet such are our fears, and I deem it infidelity to the interests of the state for me to conceal them from you. I also laid before them the subjects of conversation between myself and the Secretary of State. I will proceed to lay them before you. I am justified in saying that the delegation are nearly, if not absolutely unanimous in commending the propositions to the favorable consideration of the Legislature. The government of the United States feel themselves embarrassed by the posture of affairs in relation to the North-Eastern Boundary. They are anxious to save the rights of Maine, and to preserve what is thought to be the honor of the country, and to prevent its peace from being put in jeopardy.—Without, therefore, undertaking to say whether Maine is right, or is wrong in her doctrines, but believing she is greatly injured as a matter of fact, it is proposed that Maine should cede over to the United States her claim and jurisdiction over that portion of territory which lies northerly and easterly of the line recommended by the Arbiter, for an indemnity, in order that the United States may be enabled to make such an arrangement with Great Britain, as may best comport with the interests and honor of the United States. And for this purpose, it is proposed that the Agent of Maine should be authorized to enter into negotiation with such persons as may be designated by the President, for the cession of jurisdiction on the one part, and the settlement of indemnity on the other, the agreement, that may be thus entered into, to be subject to ratification, &c. It is proposed that the indemnity should be in land. On this proposition, after the most mature consideration we agree, that it *saves the honor of the State; that it relieves the United States*, and that *so far as pecuniary interests are concerned*, it will be *immensely advantageous to Maine*. Also, if Maine is disposed to make a bargain, we will agree this is the favorable moment. Suffer it to go unimproved and it is gone forever. I have stated the proposition just as made. Doubtless the Government of the United States would negotiate as readily with any other person as with the person who at this moment holds the place of Maine's Agent. If he should be authorized, he ought, of course, to consult with our delegation. These propositions are made confidentially, and to be laid before the legislature of Maine confidentially, and their action thereon, and whatever relates to the subject, must be regarded as confidential.—Let this business, I pray, be acted upon as speedily as possible, and the results be communicated without unnecessary delay. I repeat, in our deliberations there was but one opinion among our delegation on this subject."

The next letter contains Mr. Preble's arguments in support of the proposition. He urges the acceptance of it by a variety of considerations, the whole amount of which is, that Maine may as well make a virtue of necessity, and take now all that she will ever be able to get, and expresses a doubt, whether, in case she refuses now to negotiate, she will hereafter be able to obtain any sort of indemnity. This letter encloses one from Mr. Evans, a representative from Maine, to Mr. Preble, dissenting altogether from the opinion of his colleagues, and expressing his determination to maintain the principles contained in the resolutions of the Legislature, until a different course be prescribed by themselves, or a change of circumstances require a different course of action.

Then follows a letter from Mr. Preble to Mr. Magquier, a member of the Maine Legislature presenting further questions for the consideration of that body. It is stated in this letter, that Mr. Webster had declared that he considered the award as no award—that it was not obligatory on either party—and that he inclined to the opinions expressed by the Legislatures of Maine and Massachusetts. It also states that some of the friends of the administration did not regard the award as obligatory.

The two next letters are to Governor Smith, repeating the opinion of the writer—"*the moral certainty in his mind*"—that Maine will never hereafter be able to negotiate under circumstances so favorable to her as the present; and declaring his belief that the Senate, as a branch of the treaty-making power, will not give their advice and consent to the award.

Next comes a letter from Mr. Preble, from Messrs. Anderson, M'Intyre, Jarvis, Holland, Bates, and Kavanagh, (all the members of the delegation except Mr. Evans,) to Mr. Preble, enumerating some of the reasons which influence them in forming their opinion that "the proposition of the Executive ought to be met by the state in the same friendly and conciliatory spirit in which it had been made."

A short letter from Mr. Preble informs Governor Smith that the Committee on Foreign Relations were ready to Report, and postponed doing so at the request of the Senators from Maine.

The next and last letter is from Mr. Preble to Governor Smith, enclosing minutes of a conference between the Secretary of State and himself. These minutes are not published. The letter concludes—

"In connection with this subject I will add, that in my conference with the Secretary of State, the other members of the cabinet and the President, I have insisted that Maine's sole wish and desire was to abide by her ancient boundaries; that if, under the present circumstances, or any which might arise, it should be necessary, or in order to preserve the peace of the country, for the government of the United States to consent to modify the line of 1783, such modification ought to be one which would accommodate the people of our state in that quarter, and the State itself, as well as Great Britain and her subjects—a modification which would partially indemnify Maine for the position and territory lost; and further, that in my opinion Great Britain, in a case in which she must know that she is in the wrong, would be glad to get rid of the subject by such a modification."

Died—At Grant's Braes, East Lothian, on the 3d of March, Miss ANNIE BURNS, the elder sister of our national bard, who, for nearly half a century, was an inmate of the family of her excellent brother, GILBERT, whose death was recorded in November, 1827. Of the family born to the poet's father, four sons and three daughters grew to man and woman's estate, and of these only two survive. Mrs. BEGG, whose husband was killed by falling from his horse, and a married sister, who resides in Ireland.—*Scotch paper.*

Treaty with the Cherokees.—The information contained in the following letter from our worthy representative in Congress, Gen. Newnan, will afford much pleasure to our readers, yielding, as it does, strong hopes, that our long existing and perplexing difficulties, in relation to our Indian population, will soon be removed, by a Treaty, to provide for their emigration to the West of the Mississippi.—*Augusta Chron.*

City of Washington, 14th *April*, 1832.

Dear Sir,—The Cherokee delegation at this place, have at last consented to recommend to their people, to make a treaty with the Government, upon the general basis, that they shall acquire a patent for lands over the Mississippi, and, at a proper time, be allowed a delegate in Congress. The delegation will either obtain power from home, to make a treaty at this place, or retire and make arrangements to treat at New Echota.—I hope no extravagant demands on the part of the Cherokees will prevent this long agitated question from being speedily brought to such a termination as will conduce to the best interests of Georgia and the General Union.

Yours respectfully,

DANIEL NEWNAN.

SECESSION.

The National Gazette quotes the accompanying article from the London Times, in reply to a threat of the Duke of Wellington, that he and twenty other Peers would secede from the House of Lords, if the King made an addition to the Peers, as opposite to the menaces made by S. Carolina, to withdraw from the Union. Not less impotent is the big talk of South Carolina, than the impertinent threat of his Grace of Wellington; and once out of the pale of the Union, she will be as glad to sneak back with shame, and a just humiliation of her pride, as Fox and the Whigs.—*Richmond Whig.*

"As to his Grace's threat, if it may be so called, that in case an addition were made to the Peers, he and others would secede from the House, we caution those persons against such a step. It will not turn to their advantage personally, and it will likewise be mischievous to Parliament and the country; we shall not, through pique, pretend to the contrary. If they retire from the House, let them not fancy the nation will mourn over their absence—they will very soon be forgotten. They had better remain and make themselves heard, and to be ready to take advantage, in the way of fair political warfare, of any turn in affairs that may occur. The menaced measure, however, is not without precedent.—Charles Fox and the whole of the Whig Opposition once retired from Parliament, during the Pitt Administration, indicating thereby that the two Houses were so enslaved to the Minister's will that there was no use in their presence. Parliament went on, still obeying Pitt, and the seceders hardly knew how to sneak into their places again. But sneak in they did, *ex necessitate rei*, or they would soon have lost their followers, and been forgotten. This is a precedent rather to deter than to invite imitation."

Newark, N. J., April 28.—In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, a young lady recovered a verdict of $500 against her uncle, for words derogatory to her character. As the defendant is very far from being a man of fortune, this must be considered as a heavy punishment from the unlicensed use of his tongue. To our notion this is a much better mode of defending one's character, than to waylay the offender at night, and beat him with a "young hickory" cudgel, "cut at the Hermitage." We are pretty clearly of opinion that the most effectual mode is to *live* down a slander: but if one cannot be content to do this, he should by all means employ a *lawyer* in preference to a *surgeon*. We "cannot look on blood and carnage with composure."—*Dai. Adv.*

We understand, the Mansion, Village, Mills, and lands adjacent, formerly called 'Bedford Furnace' in this county, owned by 'Ridgley and Cromwell' and the residence of the late Col. Thomas Cromwell, dec'd, having been purchased by Wm. Orbison, Esq., of Huntingdon, Pa. the name of 'Orbisonia' has been substituted by the Villagers for the former inappropriate title, which had a tendency to mislead strangers; there being no Furnace now on the premises and not being in Bedford county, as was the case when the name was adopted.

A Post office called 'Orbisonia' has been recently established in the Village; being nearly equidistant from 'Shade Gap' and 'Shirleysburgh' on the Post road from Chambersburgh to Huntingdon; in a rapidly improving section of the country.—The mail is now carried this route three times a week. George Taylor, Merchant, is the present Post master.

The factory and mansion of Thomas T. Cromwell, and the Furnace lately erected by Divin & Morrison in the immediate neighborhood of Orbisonia have been named 'Rockhill' by the respective proprietor.—*Huntingdon Courier.*

Stealing Newspapers.—A barber, named W. F. Curtis, residing in South End, Boston, was recently brought before the Police Court, charged with stealing newspapers. It appeared in evidence, that, without being a subscriber to *any*, he had contrived to entertain his customers with perfect files of *all* the daily newspapers published in that city. His mode of operation is not stated; but the fact charged seems to have been fully established; and the offender was sentenced to a month's residence in the House of Correction—to be employed during that period in the agreeable recreation of picking oakum.—*Balt. Pat.*

Hedges.—Mr. W. B. Prince, of the Botanic Garden, Flushing, N. Y. recommends, in the new England Farmer, the bramble leaf rose, (*rosa rubifolia,*) for the purpose of forming hedges in a northern climate. It sends out shoots of from 10 to 20 feet, with great rapidity; and in July is crowned with exceedingly large clusters of flowers. This species is so hardy and rustic that it exacts no care in its culture, and will with

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 11, 1832.

NEW POST OFFICE.—A Post Office has been established at *Turtle Creek*, where the Pittsburgh and Greensburgh Turnpike Road crosses it, called '*Turtle Creek Post Office*,' and Henry Chalfant appointed Post Master.

There is one thing in the course of our neighbor of the Statesman, which excites our surprise. We mean his bitterness against those men who abandon the Jackson ranks. It is not long since he denounced Judge Brackenridge, and in his last paper he reprehended and ridicued Mr. Stanberry. We really know not how to account for such conduct. Is the editor of the Statesman afraid that the Jackson ranks will become *too much reduced?*

Mr. Dickerson, Chairman of the Committee on manufactures, has reported a tariff bill, in the Senate, which we will give to our readers in our next paper.

Some time since, the editor of the Statesman published what purported to be an extract from the Cincinnati Gazette, for the purpose of exhibiting disadvantageously our course in relation to Messrs. Clay and Wirt. We never took the pains to ascertain whether or not the extract was truly made and published. It is true, we entertain a high respect for the opinions of the experienced and talented editor of the Cincinnati Gazette, and would always be pleased to know that our views upon political occurrences coincided with his. But, being conscious that in our course we are actuated only by the purest motives, we are not to be influenced by the dissenting opinion of any other editor, however estimable or respectable he may be. *If*, however, that editor did *formerly* differ with us as to the true course to be pursued in the ensuing Presidential election, it seems manifest that he has since changed his opinions. In relation to the Clay convention at Baltimore, in September, 1831, Mr. Hammond has the following remarks in his paper of May 1st.

"In the present canvass, the supporters of Mr. Clay were the first to move. In the autumn of 1830, the scheme of the Baltimore National Republican Convention was set on foot in Kentucky. *It was a premature and an unfortunate movement.* It created divisions and embarrassments in every step of its progress, none of which have been removed by its meeting, and its proceedings.—*The exclusiveness of its character and object, the nomination of Mr. Clay*, separated it from the counsel of all others, opposed to the re-election of President Jackson, and closed a door against consultation, which it is difficult to open again. But surely it is not impossible to open it."

In reference to the nomination of Mr. Wirt, he has the following—

"The anti-masons, who are not a party to be despised, in our country, either for numbers or character, anticipated this convention, by holding one in Baltimore at a previous day.—*Their nomination of Mr. Wirt was evidently an advance to the supporters of Mr. Clay and Mr. Calhoun, to unite with them upon him. The importance of this nomination was not duly appreciated at the time. I am free to acknowledge, for myself, that I did not rightly appreciate it.*"

And in the paper of the 2nd instant, he has the following notice of the character and qualifications of Mr. Wirt—

"For this purpose they (anti-masons,) determined to hasten their nomination of a candidate for the Presidency, and they have presented to the country an *unexceptionable man:—A man respected and esteemed by all parties—a man who must command respect wherever he is known. A profound lawyer—an elegant scholar—an accomplished orator—a well informed statesman—unhackneid in politics—and free from participation in the strifes of party. In every thing that relates to qualification for the Presidency, incomparably the superior of President Jackson, and little, if any thing, behind Mr. Clay or Mr. Calhoun.* I ask again, why not make an effort to unite in his support?"

CONGRESS.—We have received an intimation that the friends of the Tariff, and of the Bank of the United States, in the National Legislature, are all convinced that it would be hazarding both, to delay the proper action on them until the next session: that is, until after the Presidential election. They are, therefore, determined to remain in session until those matters are settled, even though that time should extend till midsummer. We highly approve this determination, and think that the members deserve well for the patriotic sacrifice of their time and domestic comfort.

MR. M'LANE'S TARIFF.—The Globe, the official paper at Washington, in publishing this bill, made the following remark:

"We have the satisfaction of presenting to our readers, to-day, a *modification of the tariff* predicated *on the salutary principles avowed by our venerable President.*"

If, then, the Globe is to be depended upon, Mr. M'Lane's bill is the "judicious Tariff" of President Jackson, and the people of Pennsylvania now know what are his opinions upon this subject. That there are some good provisions in this bill cannot be denied. The reduction of the duty on wool costing less than ten cents per pound is one of the good features. Our readers probably recollect that in 1827, the Convention of manufacturers which assembled at Harrisburgh, recommended that no duty should be imposed on wool costing less than eight cents per pound. This Convention considered this kind of wool as a material necessary to the manufacturers, and which could not be produced in this country. For this reason, that convention composed of the most intelligent manufacturers and wool growers in the United States, concurred in recommending its admission, duty free. Mr. Mallary, the Chairman of the committee on manufactures, at the next Session of Congress, reported a bill in conformity with the wishes of a *majority* of that Committee, imposing a duty of *seven* cents per pound, and in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem upon all wool, to be increased annually five per cent. until it amounted to fifty per cent. Mr. Mallary, the Chairman of that Committee, but who was overruled by the majority, consisting of Messrs. Stevenson, from Penn., Wright, from N. Y., Stanberry from Ohio, and Martin, from S. C., moved several amendments to the bill, one of which was, to admit all wool costing less than eight cents per pound, duty free. Devotion to Jackson was then, however, at its height, and Messrs. Stanberry, from Ohio, Stevenson, from Penn., and Martin, from the *nullifying* state, pulled harmoniously together, and the amendment as recommended by the Harrisburgh convention, was rejected by the combined votes of the Northern Jacksonites, and the Southern *anti-tariffites;* every Jackson man voting against it. Time has passed by—the excitement of Jacksonism has somewhat abated, and now the folly of imposing a high duty on a material necessary to the manufacturer, and which cannot be raised in the country, is admitted on all hands.

We refer to these matters now, for the purpose of reminding the Jacksonites how much they were then misled by party excitement; and with the hope that they may be a little more cautious hereafter. This reminiscence may be necessary. We strongly suspect that the same kind of trick which was so effectually played off in 1828, will be again attempted.

The bill of *Mr.* M'Lane is gilded with a few valuable provisions, with the hope that these good features may divert the attention from its deformities. The reduction of the duties on Teas, Coffee, Wine, and the total repeal of duties on a long list of articles which cannot be produced in this country, or are necessary as materials in manufacturing, are also valuable provisions. But the delusion of Fennsylvanians must be as great *now* as it was in 1828, if the provisions reducing the duties on low priced woollens to twenty-five, twenty, and even *ten* per cent. are palatable to them.

The delusion must be *greater* than it was in 1828, if they approve that provision of the bill which reduces the duty on hammered iron $4 40 per ton, and that on rolled iron $7 per ton.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

SABBATH SCHOOLS.

MR. CRAIG—The importance of a good education is generally admitted in every civilized country. But, in relation to the plan and manner of communicating instruction, there is a variety of sentiment and practice. A system of education, extending the benefit of instruction in the common branches of reading, penmanship, and arithmetic, to all classes of the young, has been wisely adopted and carried into successful operation in several states of the Union. This subject has been frequently before the Legislature of Pennsylvania, but from year to year postponed for future consideration. In many populous, as well as more sparsely settled neighborhoods, no common school can be sustained during the spring, summer, and autumnal months of the year; and, if they exist during the winter months, they are generally too much crowded, and frequently too indifferently conducted and governed, to promise much improvement to the scholars. The consequence is, that many who ought to be taught, are almost wholly destitute of instruction, and grow up in deplorable ignorance of the first rudiments of learning. This affecting state of things may be attributed, in some instances, to the poverty, but more generally is owing to the parsimony of parents, and their indifference to the best interests of their children: which things, operating singly or in conjunction, render them unwilling to employ and support competent instructers of their children. Under the influence of these principles, parents sometimes employ teachers who are notoriously deficient in literary and moral qualifications; and, in consequence, the schools under their direction are nurseries of ignorance, insubordination, vice, and impiety; nusances rather than blessings. To supply these deficiencies, and remedy the evils connected with them, I know of no expedient that appears so well adapted to the end, or that promises so much success, as the institution and vigorous operation of Sabbath Schools. These may be planted in almost every settlement where they are needed. They are attended with little expense; and that little is not for tuition, which is gratuitously bestowed, but for indispensable elementary books; and sometimes for the purchase of small libraries of approved books which can scarcely fail to be a source of entertainment and improvement to the scholars, their parents, and other members of the families with which they are connected.—It is not, indeed, the direct design of Sabbath Schools to teach penmanship, arithmetic, or grammar; much less the higher branches of literature and science. But, while their principal objects are to teach children the knowledge of their great Creator and merciful Redeemer, and lead them in the way of life and peace; in the course of instruction which is pursued, they necessarily learn to spell and read their own language with correctness; and usually form such habits of study and taste for improvement as lead them to seek the knowledge of other branches of learning, which may be profitable to them in life, and rendered subservient to their spiritual and immortal interests. When Sabbath Schools are properly conducted, they contribute happily to restrain children and youth from vicious practices and sinful indulgences. They are means of qualifying them for filling, as they advance in years, important stations in civil life, and in the church or visible kingdom of the Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.—The great advantages of Sabbath Schools to children—to their parents, teachers, relatives, the civil community, and the Zion of God, now begin to be rightly appreciated by many of the most enlightened and distinguished men in our nation, who do not hesitate to express their approbation of this system of instruction in the most unequivocal and public manner. I hope, Sir, an interest in their favor, corresponding to their value and utility, will be generally excited; and that all the genuine friends of religion, good morals, and order, civil and religious liberty, will combine their influence, example, and exertions, to encourage, establish and sustain in vigor these excellent institutions. Now is the time for action. A long and dreary winter is past. Smiling spring appears. The season invites to meditation on the works of God: and is highly favorable for opening new schools of instruction on the Lord's day; for exciting the dormant energies which have slumbered during the frosts and chilling blasts of winter; and for collecting the children of every family, if possible, into these nurseries of evangelical piety; where they will be taught to read and reverence the lively oracles of God—to abhor and avoid the ways of sin and folly—to seek salvation through the atoning blood of the Lamb, and consecrate themselves to his holy service. A. J.

☞The Editors of the Wheeling, Steubenville, and St. Clairsville papers, are respectfully requested to give this article one insertion in their several journals.

COMMUNICATION,

In answer to *Mr.* M'Creary, of Noblestown, in the county of Allegheny.

On the subject of what Mr. M'Creary calls his new invention for the purpose of raising water by a Hydraulic Machine, he has not been sufficiently plain in the specification to enable me to understand the real principle of the motion; but, from what I can collect, it certainly appears to me an infringement on a patent process of mine, granted by special act of Congress, *four years ago*, under the title of Pneumatic Engine. However, to prevent any mistake on this subject, I will give a simple and plain specification of my machine.

If a given quantity of water be required to be lifted to the height of 31 feet, first raise a column of pipes for the purpose, on the top of which fix a large spacious cylinder, either of wood, cast iron, wrought iron, or any thing else, only be sure to make it air tight, near to which, let a steam boiler be placed, of suitable dimensions to the cylinder, with iron pipes to connect the two together, and furnished with a steam valve and a valve inside of the cylinder at the top of the column of pipes through which the water has to flow to fill the cylinder at the top.

This being done, the cylinder is now supposed to be full of air. Turn in the steam and displace the air, and when the steam is shut off, a *vacuum* in that great spacious cylinder is the *result*, into which the water from the bottom of the well immediately rushes by *atmospheric pressure*. This water turned upon a water wheel may be worked *over and over* again, until lost by evaporation; or to drain swamps; or to raise water to fill canals; or to drain new excavations, salt wells, or the like; or as many of these simple machines might be put across the Ohio river, as would drain and turn the stream 30 feet higher than its present course.

The subscriber having been *arrested in England, for attempting to proceed to the United States*, and detained under bail until the law was repealed, namely, *twenty years*,—on his arrival, made this circumstance known to the Government, upon which the Legislative body passed a special act setting aside his alienage, in which this patent is noticed.

If Mr. M'Creary will refer to the statute books for January, 1820, he will see for himself.

My particular reason for not making this more generally known, has been with a view of a still more important acquisition to the plan, in which I have been closely engaged in Bayardstown, near Pittsburgh, for the last four years, and have actually expended upwards of 3,000 dollars upon the investigation, which is not yet completed.

I am, with sincere respect,

Mr. M'Creary's, ob't and humble serv't

S. BROADMEADOW.

To Mr. M'Creary, of Noblestown.

PAINTING OF CAIN, from the classic pencil of David, now exhibiting at the Pennsylvania Museum, is one of the most beautiful *chef d'œuvre* of art which has ever appeared in this city. The distinctness and flaccability of nature herself, are displayed in the muscular form, and the deep intensity of imprisoned thought, on the awful countenance.

A breathing form of life seems starting up before you—to execute some deed of terrible vengeance and unmingled *hate*. The whole Picture affords a treasure of instruction to the lovers of the fine arts, who will find this imperishable record of early times a most inspiring production.—In itself a model, and a couse of greatness and excellence in the successive efforts of rising merit. We understand that the picture will close with the present week.—*Communicated.*

COMMUNICATED.

The Rev. Messrs. Parkman, of Boston, and Walker, of Charlestown, Mass., will officiate at the Unitarian Church, in Smithfield street, on Sunday next. The ordinance of the Lord's supper will be administered after the morning service.

May 11.

From the National Gazette.

TRIAL OF MRS. CHAPMAN AND MINA.

The late trials of Mrs. Chapman and Lino Amalio Espos y Mina reveal events scarcely equalled in the wildest romance. On the very day of his discharge from the Penitentiary at Philadelphia, Mina appears at the residence of Mr. Chapman as a beggar, is admitted, credited as the son of a Mexican Grandee, taken into favor, wins the criminal affection of Mrs. C., plots the destruction of Mr. Chapman, espouses his widow nine days after his death, and in three months after his former discharge, is again admitted into a prison, under the charge of murder by poison. The singular character of Mina, the mystery in which his history is shrouded, his extraordinary faculty of deceiving even the most penetrating, his apparent enjoyment of the sufferings of others, the complacency with which he observes the direful effects of his wicked agency, and the contempt with which he seems to look on his own peril and pain, give a romantic aspect to an affair which we trust will never again be equalled in our country. These remarks have been called forth by the perusal of the report of the trial of Mrs. Chapman, prepared by Mr. Du Bois, and published by G. W. Mentz & Son. Drawn up with great care and particular skill, that report contains matter of the deepest interest to the lawyer, the physician and the general reader. Among the most striking points is that of the origination of the investigation which has just terminated in the sentence of death against Mina. A letter signed "Lucretia," addressed to Mina at Washington, taken out of that post office to trace Mina, who had been swindling, is sent to the Police of Philadelphia. Thrown aside as of no authority, because anonymous, it is taken up by high constable Blaney, and exhibits to him this striking sentence.—"But no, Lino, when I pause for a moment, I am constrained to acknowledge that I do not believe that God will permit either *you or me* to be happy this side of the grave." Now, Mr. Blaney had been a printer; had printed for Mr. Chapman; knew Mrs. C's writing; thought all could not be right; and this led to the inquiry which has had such a dreadful issue.

——Murder will rise,
Tho' all the world conceal it from men's eyes.

From his tomb, three months old, the body of poor Chapman issues, fresh as when interred, no vestiges of poison lost, no traces of inflammation obscured.

Mina is seized in Boston just *one day* before his intended marriage to a niece of his wife; and another day would have placed in his hands a large sum of money, procured by the basest fraud, and he would have carried off both his prizes to some South American country.

These romantic incidents give great interest to the very able speeches of the counsel on both sides of this curious case.

The entire emptiness of the stomach of Mr. Chapman rendered very difficult the detection of the poison, of which only a trace was left. But the symptoms during life, the examination of the body after death, and the chemical investigation taken together, furnished strong evidence of death by arsenic. These, together with the purchase of arsenic by Mina, and his confession of guilt, left the jury in his case no alternative, and a verdict of guilty now rendered, decides the fate of a being, who, for his years, knows perhaps no equal in dissimulation, no parallel in crime, and no rival in recklessness. M.

DREADFUL CATASTROPHE AND LOSS OF LIVES.

New York, May 5.—Rarely does it fall to our lot to record a more afflictive and unexpected calamity, than on the present occasion. At a quarter before six o'clock, yesterday afternoon, the large new structure belonging to Phelps & Peck, on the corner of Cliff and Fulton streets, and occupied as counting rooms and a warehouse for the very extensive business of that firm, suddenly fell in with a startling and tremendous crash, causing the foundations of the buildings in the whole neighborhood to tremble. The edifice was of brick, six stories high, resting upon a granite basement of upright blocks or pilasters, of the description ordinarily in use. The building occupied about 100 feet on Cliff street, and 75 feet upon Fulton. Two thirds of the pile, comprising the whole front upon Cliff, and say fifty feet upon Fulton street, was severed perpendicularly from top to bottom, and fell at once into a heap of broken ruins. So sudden was the giving away, and the fall, that a gentleman, who was at that instant passing on the opposite side, in Cliff street, saw the granite blocks as it were start out from the wall. He supposed it to be an optical illusion occasioned by the glancing of the eye; but in the same instant, looking upward, the whole edifice was simultaneously tumbling down, and his agility alone enabled him to escape.

The whole building to the topmost left was filled with goods of great weight and intrinsic value.—The lower stories were stored with iron and tin, and the three upper lofts crammed to their utmost capacity with cotton. The loss of property, independently of the building, will be very great. But this loss weighs only as the dust in the balance, in comparison with the loss of life which is at this moment wringing so many bosoms with anguish, and the unspeakable agonies of the mangled tho' not lifeless bodies, that have been taken from the ruins. The number of lives lost by this distressing event, is not yet known. At the time of its occurrence, we were on the way to meet a Committee, of which *Mr.* Phelps was one. He had left his counting room a short time before, and was at the moment of the catastrophe in attendance at the monthly meeting of the Board of Public Schools. The other partner, *Mr.* Peck, is in the country. Thomas H. Goddard, the book keeper, and Joseph Stokes, the confidential clerk, were in the counting room on the second floor, engaged in writing at their desks, at the time of the fall; and Alfred K. Seymour, another clerk, was in the counting room on the first floor. All three were whelmed in the ruins, and crushed to death. *Mr.* Pitkin, also a clerk, was standing at the front door on Cliff street, and saved himself by jumping one side the moment he heard the cracking, and running across the street. Mr. O'Neal, of Utica, a customer, was ascending the first flight of stairs at the moment, and as it were by a miracle escaped with only a few slight bruises, having worked his way out of the ruins about fifteen minutes after the walls fell in. A cartman, named Barney Jackson, who was on the side walk, was partially buried in the ruins, but was fortunately rescued in about two hours, with only a broken arm, and a few bruises. His horse was killed, as was also one belonging to the city corporation, which was standing in the street.

P. S.—Half past 12 o'clock—We have just returned from the scene of death. The body of poor Goddard has been taken out—his head doubled over upon his breast. The body of young Seymour is seen, but not yet removed.

The dead bodies of three black men have been taken out during the morning.

1 o'clock.—The body of Mr. Stokes is seen, but it will be some hours before the rubbish can be removed from it.

The roof of the superb three story dwelling adjoining, is destroyed.—*Com. Adv.*

DIED,

On Tuesday morning, 8th inst., at his residence, in Pitt township, Mr. ROBERT CUNLIFFE, in the 64th year of his age—long a respectable citizen of this place.

STEAM BOAT NEWS.

ARRIVED—May 3, Watchman, Napoleon; 4, Messenger; 5, Reaper, Abeona, Friend, Boston; 6, Potomac; 7th, Atalanta, Chesapeake; 8, Highlander; 9, Polander.

DEPARTED—May 3, Sentinel, Experiment, Gallipolis, Lady Byron, Union, Mountaineer; 4, Mohawk, new boat; 5, Citizen, Watchman; 7, Napoleon, Messenger, Potomac; 8, Friend, Atalanta; 9, Boston; 10, Chesapeake.

TO TEACHERS.

AN Adjourned Meeting of Teachers, to which the members of the profession are invited, will be held on Saturday next, at *Mr.* Winter's School Room, Smithfield street, at 6 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN WINTER,
Sec. P. A. T.

May 11, 1832.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ADVENTURE on the Columbia River; including the Narrative of a Residence of six years on the Western side of the Rocky Mountains, among various tribes of Indians, hitherto unknown; together with a Journey across the American Continent, by *Ross Cox*.

Romance and Reality; a Novel, by L. E. L. 2 vols.

The Young Man's Own Book.

The Singer's Own Book. Just received and for sale by D. M. HOGAN,

May 11.—2t No. 73 Wood st.

BATTALION ORDERS.—The 1st Battalion of the 87th Regt. of the Pennsylvania Militia, are hereby notified to meet on Liberty street, opposite to the New Methodist Church, on Saturday, 26th inst.; 2d Battalion on the 28th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for inspection and discipline, properly armed and equipped according to law.

JOHN GLENN, Colonel.

May 11—3t*

CREDITORS of Ekin & Ledlie, take notice that a dividend of six per cent. will be paid on or after the 5th day of June next, at the Counting House of John D. Davis & Co., No. 38 Water street, to all the creditors who executed a release, according to the terms and conditions of the assignment dated 26th February, 1829.

JOHN D. DAVIS,
Acting Assignee of E. & L.

Pittsburgh, May 11—3t

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the name of *Nimon & Cook*, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and all persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the firm, will present the same to Peter Nimon.

PETER NIMON,
ADAM COOK.

May 11, 1832.—3t*

TO LET,

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge. Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN.

May 11, 1832.—tf

WRITING INK of a very superior quality manufactured, and for sale in bottles and by the gallon, at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, 2d door below Third.

Hoarhound, Peppermint, and Iceland Moss Lozenzes, Jujube Paste, Acidulous Lemon and Rose Drops. May 11.—3t3a

DOCTOR WARE,

SURGEON DENTIST, has removed to No. 44 Fourth street, in the Office formerly occupied by James S. Craft, Esq., two doors west of Market street. May 11.—tf

PAINTS. VARNISHES, &c.

A GENERAL Assortment of Paints, dry, and ground in oil; Copal, Japan, Leather, and Map Varnishes; Paint Brushes; Lint-seed Oil; Spirits Turpentine, &c.—for sale on the most accommodating terms, at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, 2d door below Third. May 11, 1832.—3t&a3t

LAST WEEK.

SPLENDID PAINTING.

CAIN meditating the death of his Brother ABEL, by DAVID; now exhibiting at the Pennsylvania Museum, southwest corner of Fourth and Market streets.

The Fourth Chapter of Genesis and Fifth Verse.

This delightful *Painting* has not, perhaps, at this time, its superior in the world; whether we regard its astonishing expression, its correct anatomy, its high miniature finish, and the truth and nature of its coloring, we must, in each particular, confess their claim to admiration. The moment selected by the artist is when *Cain* had resolved on the bloody deed,—the murder of his brother.

Every part of his frame partakes of this resolve, the lurid bloodshot eye; and the inflexible and horrid fixidity of his look, all proclaim, in the loudest manner, his cruel and bloody determination. The appalling, yet most anxiously tender solicitude of his wife, affords an enchanting contrast. The striking and peculiar expression of Enoch, the eldest son, clasping the fatal weapon,—a rude spade, indicative of Cain's employment—a tiller of the ground,—as if to implore his relinquishment of a horrid, though to him unknown purpose, is an extreme beauty in the Painting. The conduct of the youngest, in grasping protection from both parents, is pathetically true to nature.

☞Open every day, and will be brilliantly illuminated every evening.—Admittance 25 cents, Children half price. Season Tickets 50 cents.

Pittsburgh, April 27.

FOR SALE,

THE ISLAND, commonly called Brewster's Island, situated in the Allegheny river, opposite the mouth of Deer creek, and about 12 miles above Pittsburgh.

Also, Tract No. 139, Cunningham's District, two miles from the Canal, near Crawford's Mill, below the mouth of Bull creek, containing 135 acres.

An indisputable title will be given, and the terms made easy. B. F. BREWSTER.

May 4—3t*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Westmoreland county, to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Sheriff's Office in Greensburgh, on Monday the 21st May, inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. the Printing Press, Type, and necessary apparatus belonging thereunto of the Westmoreland Intelligencer, (formerly Greensburgh Gazette.) Also, one coal stove, three chairs, one table, &c. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Black, at the suit of Frederick J. Cope, for the use of John Reed and Matthew Maclean.

S. L. CARPENTER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Greensburgh, May 4th, A. D. 1832. } May 11.—2t.

FOR SALE,

A LOT of Ground in Fifth street, next to the corner of Wood street; on which there is a two story frame house and a large frame circus, the lot is 60 feet on Fifth street, by 130 feet in depth.

Two Lots of Ground in Penn street, and on which are part of the Old Garrison Houses, between Wayne and Hand streets, fronting on Penn street, 26 feet 7 inches each, by 120 feet in depth, to an alley in the rear.

A number of Lots of Ground fronting on Penn and Liberty streets, and adjoining the Canal Basin, which is part of the premises.

Twenty Lots of Ground in the city of Washington.

Also, One Share of the Stock in the Bank of the United States.

Five Shares of the Stock in the Allegheny Bridge Company.

Sixteen Shares of the Stock in the Monongahela Bridge Company. Apply to

CHARLES AVERY,
JOHN M. SNOWDEN,
JOHN THAW,
JOHN BARBER,
Executors of Jas. S. Stevenson, deceased.

Jan. 31, 1832.—wtf

$40 REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Saturday evening last, an indented apprentice to the carriage making business, named

EZEKIEL CHAUNCEY LORING,

Between 18 and 19 years of age, five feet six inches high, reddish brown hair, sandy complexion, and freckled face; had on a blue superfine broad cloth coat, vest, and pantaloons, and Monroe shoes. Twenty-five Dollars Reward, together with all reasonable charges, will be paid to any person who will bring him back, or Ten Dollars, if confined in any jail in the state of Ohio, where he can be detained until sent for. All persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or employing said runaway; as I intend to prosecute to the extent of the law, every one so offending.

Also, at the same time, an apprentice to the harness and carriage trimming business, named

DAVID ROSS,

About 19 years of age, five feet seven inches high, fair complexion, dark hair; had on a coat, vest, and pantaloons, similar to the above. Fifteen Dollars reward, together with all reasonable charges, will be given to any person who will bring him back, or Five Dollars, if secured in any jail until he can be sent for. All persons are hereby forewarned against harboring or employing him; as I intend to prosecute every one so offending to the extent of the law. J. S. WHYTE.

Columbus, O., April 9, 1832.

P. S. It is believed that the above runaways have gone to Cincinnati, or Louisville, or perhaps to Lexington, Kentucky. Three other young men are in company with them, viz: John Kirkley, and Samuel Maher, blacksmiths; and Joseph Bekman, a saddler. Any information of Ross or Loring will be thankfully received by mail.

April 27.—3t

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

THE Sixty-first regiment Pennsylvania Militia are ordered to meet for drill and inspection, at the house of *Maj.* Alexander, in M'Keesport, on Tuesday, the 22d day of May next, at 10 o'clock, P. M.

Courts of Appeal—First Battalion, Capts. Elrod, Heath, and Vankirk, to meet at the house lately occupied by *Maj.* Walker, in Elizabethtown, on the 2d Monday of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M.—Second Battalion, Captains Irwin, Spencer, and Carothers, to meet at the house of John Johnston, in Wilkins township, on the 2d Monday of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

ROBERT CAROTHERS,
Col. 61st Regm't.

May 4, 1832.—3tw.

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE

HAVE received, by late arrivals, and offer for sale,

20 hhds. Prime N. O. Sugar;
4,000 Bacon Hams, &c. prime;
15 bags Feathers;
10 boxes Chateau Margaux Claret;
10 do. St. Estephe do
7 baskets Champagne Wine;
1 case Prime Old Brown Sherry;
5 boxes Lemons.

May 1, 1832.—3t

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PRODUCE DEALERS, *and Forwarding and Commission Merchants*, No. 6 Market street, Pittsburgh.—*Refer to*

GILESPIE & JONES, } *Philadelphia.*
W. R. THOMPSON & Co. }
ERSKINE, EICHELBERGER & Co. } *Baltimore*
WM CRAWFORD, Jr. }
M. LANGHORNE & SONS, *Maysville.*
ALEX. M'CANDLESS, Esq. *Cincinnati.*
CALDWELL & ERNEST, *Louisville.*

March 23—w3mo.

PRATT STREET

Wholesale Cloth and Clothing

ESTABLISHMENT,

Corner of Charles street, near the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Depot.

THE Subscribers, at the above establishment, beg respectfully to call the attention of Merchants and Dealers to their extensive establishment of ready made Clothing, which comprises every article of Men's apparel, adapted to all seasons. The stock of Spring and Summer Goods, now on hand and in course of manufacture, will be found equal, if not superior to any offered in this city. The whole made of the best material, and in the best manner. They are determined to sell at the very lowest prices, and on liberal terms. They will also keep an assortment of Piece Goods. Custom work done in the most fashionable style, and with despatch. All orders punctually attended to. W. WADDLE & CO.

Baltimore, Md. Feb. 22, 1832. [Feb. 28.—w3m]

DOMESTICS.

AN INVOICE of Tickings, Checks, and Plaids, will be sold cheap, to close a consignment. JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,

May 4—3t *No. 38 Water street.*

250 BBLS. LOAF SUGAR; received per Steam Boat Friend, and for sale unusually low, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

May 4, 1832.

50 Reams *Imperial Printing*, of superior quality.

100 Reams *Cap Writing*, flat.

For sale by D. M. HOGAN,

May 4.—2t 73, Wood st.

REMOVAL.

Boot and Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber gratefully acknowledges the past and numerous favors of his friends and customers, and while he solicits a continuance of their liberal support, respectfully informs them that he has removed to *No.* 27 *Market Street*, next door to Mr. Wallace's Silver-smith shop, and directly opposite to his former stand, where he will carry on the business of BOOT AND SHOE MAKING; and he hopes by punctuality and attention to the orders of his friends and customers, to merit and receive their favor and patronage.

N. B.—Ladies' Prunello Ware, of the best quality, will be kept constantly on hand as above.

B. PERRY,
No. 27 Market street.

Pittsburgh, April 10, 1832.—tf

ÆSCULAPIUS' HEAD,

IN FOURTH STREET,

Two Doors below the Statesman Office, and opposite the U. S. Bank.

JOHN M. SNOWDEN, JR. & Co.

HAVE removed their DRUG STORE to Fourth street, between Market and Wood, opposite the Bank of the United States, at the sign of Æsculapius' Head; where a general assortment of Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. can be had on accommodating terms. April 3—2m.

LONG'S SICKLES.

SEVENTY-ONE dozen of Long's Sickles—Just received and for sale by

HOGE & WAINWRIGHT,
100 Wood street.

April 24.—4t.

TO BLACKSMITHS.

TO RENT—a Smith shop with two fires, a Dwelling House, with gardens, pasture, &c. at the Sewickly bottom, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, on the main Beaver road: is considered a good stand for a Smith shop—wants a family of industrious and moral habits; and none other need apply: the situation will be found convenient and agreeable. Apply to A. Way, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

DAVID SHIELDS.

January 10, 1832—wtf.

A. W. FOSTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS removed to the Diamond, west of the Court House, and next door to the office of the 'Pittsburgh Gazette.'

April 3, 1832.—w1y

FAMILY LIBRARY, Number 30.

LIVES and Voyages of Drake, Cavendish, and Dampier; including an Introductory view of the earlier Discoveries in the South Sea; and the History of the Buccaniers; with portraits. For sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO.,

Opposite the Pittsburgh Bank.

April 27.

Youths', Mens', & Boys' Summer Caps.

S. J. SYLVESTER has received a handsome assortment of Hair Cloth Caps, suitable for the approaching season. He has also for sale, Hair Cloth Reticules, to which he asks the attention of the Ladies. 16 Exchange Buildings.

April 27, 1832.

PITTSBURGH NAVIGATION AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Directors hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the third day of May, they will be prepared, *at their Office, No. 35 Market street, two doors below the Bank of Pittsburgh*, to effect insurance upon Buildings and Merchandise—upon Vessels and their Cargoes, and such other Insurances as, by their Act of Incorporation, they are authorized to make.—Application in person, or by letter, will receive prompt attention.

DIRECTORS.

MICHAEL ALLEN, JOHN GRAHAM,
CHARLES AVERY, LEWIS HUTCHISON,
BENJAMIN BAKEWELL, MICHAEL TIERNAN,
JAMES BROWN, ABISHAI WAY.
THOMAS S. CLARKE,

M. ALLEN, *President.*

JAMES S. CRAFT, *Secretary.*

May 1, 1832.—w3t.

☞City papers published before Thursday, will copy the above.

NEW WORKS.

1. SELECT WORKS of Henry Fielding, in 2 vols.; with a Memoir of the Life of the Author, by Sir Walter Scott; and an Essay on his Life and Genius, by Arthur Murphy, Esq., in 2 volumes, 8vo.

2.—*Working Man's Companion, Vol.* 3.—The Rights of Industry, addressed to the Working Men of the United Kingdom; by the Author of the Results of Machinery. For sale by

JOHN I. KAY & CO.,
Opposite Pittsburgh Bank.

May 1—3t.

HIDES.

300 DRY HIDES, of superior quality; 300 Salted Hides, do.

Just received in addition to their former assortment, and for sale by

LITTLE & HAYS,
No. 3 Market street.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1832.—w3t

A CARDER & FULLER WANTED.

A Sober, steady man, who possesses a competent knowledge of the Carding and Fulling Business, and who can come well recommended, can obtain a good situation, by immediate application to the subscriber. A man with a family would be preferred. WM. EWING.

Robinson township, Allegheny county, near the mouth of Montour's Run.

May 1, 1832.—3tw*

VALUABLE LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell a lot of 8 acres and 20 perches, adjoining Birmingham. It is well situated to improve for a residence, being sufficiently high and level, and has a never failing spring; or it might be very profitably divided into lots. The repair of the Monongahela Bridge, and the Turnpike road being made near to the lot, will render it very convenient to this city.

April 26, 1832. wtf. A. HAYS.

GARDEN SEEDS, &c.

A QUANTITY of Fresh Garden Seeds, neatly put up, and assorted, in boxes suitable for retailers in the country, have been received from the Shakers' Society, by the undersigned; and will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, to suit purchasers.

They also offer for sale *Improved Writing Ink*, of their own manufacture—put up in bottles of various sizes, or by the gallon or barrel, at prices much lower than it can be procured for from the eastern cities.

PETER & SHINN, Druggists,
No. 52 Wood street.

March 16.—w2m.

To be Let,

A Commodious Three Story Brick Dwelling House, in Smithfield street, between Second and Third streets. Apply to

BENJ. BAKEWELL.

April 27, 1832.—w3t.

PLASTER OF PARIS.

50 BARRELS GROUND PLASTER, for sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.

May 4—6t.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

May 4, 1832---tf

Patent Vice Manufactory.

A. LAMONT & CO. have the pleasure of informing their friends, and the public generally, that having nearly completed their arrangements, including the erecting of a Steam Engine, they will be able to supply all orders for their Vices, at the shortest notice.

As they intend to make it a permanent business, and have no doubt of their manufactory being of great benefit to the country at large, they expect, by dealing on liberal terms, to meet with a share of public patronage.

All orders, directed to A. Lamont & Co., Allegheny town, or to John Irwin, Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

A. LAMONT & CO.

Allegheny town, April 20.—tf.

☞The public are hereby warned, not to infringe on the patent rights of the subscribers, as in all cases the penalty, agreeably to law, will be strictly enforced. A. LAMONT & CO.

RECEIVED,

By late arrivals, and for Sale on accommodating terms, by the Subscribers—

50 Hogsheads New Orleans SUGAR;
20 bbls. Tanners' OIL;
7 Casks and 3 barrels Sperm. OIL;
20 Barrels Refined Whale do
2 Casks Racked do do
12 Coroons Spanish LEAF TOBACCO;
75 Barrels PITCH;
33 Boxes Smoked HERRING;
77 do Sperm. CANDLES;
2 Hogsheads MADDER;
90 Barrels LOAF SUGAR;
90 Boxes TIN PLATE, I X;
24 Half and Whole Tierces RICE;
16 Pigs Block TIN;
12 Boxes CLARET;
5 Kegs LIME JUICE;
5 Qr. Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE;
10 Barrels ALUM;
6 Bales ALMONDS;
98 DEMIJOHNS, assorted;
50 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL.

DOBBIN & IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1832.---tf

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & Co. have removed their stock of Books to No. 44 Market street, opposite the Pittsburgh Bank, where they will continue to keep on hands, a General Assortment of

Books and Stationery,

Which they will dispose of at very low prices.

N. B. Merchants' orders put up on the most reasonable terms. April 6, 1832.---tf

40 HHDS. GERMAN POT CLAY, for Glass Makers--Just received and for sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,
No 108 and 110 Second street.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1832.---tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE,

April 6.---tf At the Office B. U. S.

MOSES ATWOOD has removed o No. 84 Front street, where he offers for sale----
24 hhds. Kentucky Tobacco;
48 bales Tennessee and Mississippi Cotton.

Also, by the package, a variety of *Tickings, Calicoes*, and other *Domestic Goods*, from Eastern Manufactories. April 6.

To Paper Manufacturers.

THE Subscribers take this opportunity to acquaint Manufacturers of Paper, that they are now prepared to execute orders for Paper Machines of every description upon the most approved plans. Also, *Drying and Cutting Machines*, all of which will be warranted equal in all respects to any similar machines in the United States.—Persons about to erect Paper Mills, will not incur any additional expense in purchasing the Drying Machine, as the cost of same is less than the expense of building Drying Lofts and their fixtures. The above Machines were first introduced into this country by the subscriber, Charles M. Pickering, who has built and put into operation most of the Machines now in use. Amongst others, the following Manufacturers, in the United States, are referred to for his character and ability to perform his engagements.

C. M. PICKERING & CO. 112, Beekman st. } New York.
109, Water st. }

References —
Wm. Parker, Esq. Boston, Mass.
A. C. & W. Curtis, Newton, "
Amos Hubbard, Esq. Norwich, Conn.
Henry Hudson, Esq. Hartford, "
Joseph Kingsland, Esq. Belleville, N. J.
Morris & Burritt, New York City.
J. & S. Campbell, "

April 6, 1832.—2aw3m

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

	per cent.		per ct.
Chambersburgh Bk.	1	Muskingum Bank	1½
Virginia paper, gen.	1	Bank of Geauga	2
New York city	1 to 2	Urbana Bk.	3
New York Country	2	Dayton	2
New Jersey, gen.	1½ to 2	Scioto	3
Notes of the New England Banks	2	Michigan paper	3
South Carolina	3	Canada	4
Maryland Banks,	½ to 2	North Carolina	4
Delaware Banks	½ to 1	Georgia	4
Natchez	5	Yeatman, Woods & Comp., payable at Nashville	5
New Orleans,	5		
Pennsylvania, gen.	¼	Cohen's Bank,	1
Greensburgh,	25	Ohio, generally,	½ to 2
Wilksbarre Bank	1½		

Every description of Gold purchased at the highest premiums, by

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.
April 6, 1832.

REMOVAL.

DR. E. MERRITT, DENTIST, has removed to Liberty street, No. 78, corner of Evans' alley. Dr. E. M. will be in his room from 9 o'clock in the morning till 3 o'clock in the afternoon, (Fridays excepted,) where all operations in the line of his profession will be performed.

P. S.—Dentists can be furnished with his beautifully enfamactured Porcelain Teeth.

March 27, 1832.—tf.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, *South Front street,*
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:

JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane,

Directors.

M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

30 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscribers, on Sunday the 16th ultimo, DANIEL M'CARTNEY, an indented apprentice to the Coppersmith Business. He is 19 years of age, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dark hair, blue eyes, and rather fair complexion. He took with him a blue tight-bodied coat, partly worn, with gilt buttons; one pair new black mixed cassinet pantaloons, and one pair of black worsted or bombazine ditto; one light blue cassinet waistcoat; one striped swansdown ditto, and a new pair of pegged bootees, together with other clothes not recollected. He has a brother living in Mobile, (engineer on the steam boat Isabella,) and has often said he would like to go there. He has been much in the habit of reading plays, and frequently associated with play actors: in all probability his object is to join with some *traveling players*.

The above reward will be given to any person who will apprehend and secure the said apprentice so that the subscribers may get him again. The public are cautioned against harboring him, under the penalty of the law.

L. & P. PETERSON.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1831.---tf

Edgeworth Ladies' Boarding School,

BRADDOCKSFIED, NEAR PITTSBURGH,

Will recommence its engagements on the first Monday of October next.

THE increased and increasing approbation given to this institution cannot fail to produce a corresponding zeal and energy, and a desire to secure a settled good opinion. At this time very many additions have been made, for the convenience, comfort, and well doing of the pupils.—In so large a field as is open for education, understood in its true and extensive sense, there must be room for continual culture. Unabated will be the effort to do the utmost possible to meet so responsible a charge as the care of youth, and to this effort will be added the aid experience brings.—With little observation, in every succeeding month, somewhat is seen to revise and improve.

Edgeworth Seminary has been now of several years standing, and, disclaiming all egotism, it is only the fact to say that experience enables it to offer rather an increase than a diminution of means to give satisfaction.

The health enjoyed by the inmates, and beauty of situation of Braddocksfield Mansion, are well known to visiters, but for information of strangers, it is necessary to state, that in both particulars terms too flattering cannot easily be used.

To instruct, coercive means are not employed—reference is made to the heart as well as the head. Pains are taken to inculcate, that to be great, it is an indispensable to be virtuous; and as the worth of knowledge is only to be estimated by its tendency to right action, the study of every branch, and the proportion of time given to it, will be made subservient and tributary to useful moral and religious improvement.

Sabbath day engagements must not be interrupted unnecessarily. Pupils living at a distance, or from any cause, disposed to make Braddocksfield, during the vacation, their home, are invited to do so, and no additional charge is made.

TERMS.

Admission. Tuition in English branches, viz:—Reading, Writing, Grammar, Composition, Arithmetic, Geography, and Astronomy, with use of Globes, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, and History; also Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, - - - *per annum*, $130
Tuition in Music, - - - - 40
Drawing, Pencil, Crayon, and Water Colors, - 24
Oil Painting, - - - - 40
French, - - - - 20

Pupils engaging in all the studies, the total charge does not exceed two hundred dollars a year. Payment three months in advance.

M. OLVER.

September 13, 1831.

RECTIFYING DISTILLERY,
AND
WINE AND LIQUOR STORE.

WM. MITCHELTREE & SON respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed their RECTIFYING DISTILLERY from Gray's Row, St. Clair street, to *No.* 162 *Liberty street*, (opposite to Sixth street,) where they continue to manufacture, in quantity, the following Liquors, which they will sell wholesale and retail on reasonable terms.

Brandy,	Cinnamon Cordial,
Rum,	Carraway do.
Gin,	Per. Love do.
Rectified Whiskey,	Rose do.
1st and 4th proof,	Lemon do.
Alcohol,	Annisseed do.
Peppermint Cordial,	Clove do.

Domestic Wine, Cherry Bounce, Bitters, and Essences.

In addition to the above, they have laid in and intend constantly keeping the following

WINES AND LIQUORS.

French Brandy,	Madeira Wine,
Holland Gin,	Lisbon do.
Jamaica Spirits,	Teneriffe do.
Port Wine,	Malaga do.

☞ Monongahela Whiskey by the barrel, keg, &c.

N. B.—Goods delivered, drayage free, within the limits of the city.

Grocers, tavern-keepers, and others wanting to purchase, are invited to call and examine their stock. March 30—6m.

Steel Hoes.

AS Agent for Ephraim Estep, I expect to be constantly supplied with the above article, of a superior quality.—They are offered at the most favorable manufacturers' rates.

M. ATWOOD,
March 27. Corner of Wood & Front sts.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823---tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;
Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14---tf. 76 Front street.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. }
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. } Pittsburgh.
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.---tf.

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831---tf

NEW COACH MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers are desirous of informing the public that they have commenced the *COACH MAKING, in all its various branches*, near the end of the *Allegheny Bridge, Saint Clair street, Pittsburgh*, where they intend manufacturing *Post Coaches, Coachees, Barouches, Chariotees, Cariolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.*

Having supplied themselves with as good a lot of materials as the country can afford, and having none but first rate mechanics, they flatter themselves that they are enabled to give general satisfaction to those who may favor them.

Stage Proprietors are respectfully requested to give them a call, and examine for themselves.—All work done, warranted of the best materials and workmanship. ☞Repairing done with despatch.

On hand, for sale, 1 Nine Passenger Coach; 1 light Dearborn, with falling top.

HISE, COLE & GREER.

N. B. Wanted, a lad between 14 and 17 years of age, to learn the Coach Trimming.

March 20, 1832.---tf

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18 1829.—tf.

MACHINE CARDS.

ON hand, and for sale, at the lowest market price, a good assortment of Machine Cards, from the factory of John A. Smith, Leicester, Massachusetts. Messrs. William Bell & Co., having given up their agency for that factory, their former customers for cards are respectfully invited to call on me for the article. C. CURTIS,

Corner of Third and Wood streets.

March 16, 1832.—4m

MICHIGAN, URBANA, AND SCIOTO, BANK NOTES, are received at per three cent discount. *Wanted*, Georgia, North and South Carolina Money. Also, Sovereigns, Guineas, Doubloons, &c. GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Woodstreet.

September 20

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE
IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

LAW NOTICE.

GEO. W. ACHESON, Attorney at Law—Office at the southwest corner of Market street and the Diamond. ☞Entrance, No. 3 in the Diamond. March 27, 1832.—tf.

ONLY 25 CENTS.

LEE'S UNPARALLELED ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, price 25 and 50 cents per box—famous for the cure of Bilious and other destructive fevers, obstinate obstructions of the stomach and bowels, giddiness, sickness of the stomach, removing colds, costiveness, &c. &c.

Dear Sir—Having made use of the various Pills in my family, offered to the public for the past five years, and having found your celebrated Anti-Bilious Pills the most efficacious in cleansing the stomach and bowels, removing head-aches, sick stomach, and having used them for several years past, I can have no hesitation in stating, that I believe them, as represented, a most valuable Family Medicine. JACOB SMALL,

Mayor of the city of Philadelphia.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

CAUTION.—Please ask for Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, prepared by Noah Ridgely—and see that his name is on the outside wrapper—no other are genuine. None of Lee's medicines are genuine without the name of Noah Ridgely on them.

Twenty years.—LEE'S ELIXIR

has for twenty years, been a most successful medicine, for the cure of colds, coughs, spitting of blood, asthma, consumptions, and other complaints of the lungs and breast, as many of our citizens have certified.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely, of Baltimore.

Dear Sir—I was attacked with a most violent cold, a severe cough, and pains in the breast, which continued to grow worse, during which my appetite failed and my voice altered so much, that it was with the utmost exertions I could pronounce a single sentence louder than breath. I bought and used one phial of your valuable Elixir, which restored me to perfect health. Yours, with respect. J. A. SMITH,

Market street, Fell's Point.

Lee's Worm Lozenges, a certain and powerful remedy for destroying all kinds of worms.

Wonderful Tape Worm! A part of a tape worm passed by a lady 40 years old, which measures 3 feet long, and contains three hundred joints. This worm, with two round worms 13 to 15 inches long, and three fourths of an inch round, expelled from a child not five years old, by the use of Lee's Lozenges, are now to be seen at Lee's Family Medicine Dispensary, No. 63, Hanover street, Baltimore.

Lee's Nervous Cordial, an excellent medicine for all nervous affections, weakness, pain in the loins, back, &c.

Lee's Essence of Mustard! No remedy ever excelled this in curing rheumatism, sprains, bruises, frosted feet, &c.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops, a never failing cure.

Sir—You are at full liberty to use my name in recommending your Lee's infallible Ague and Fever Drops, as, from repeated trials of them in my family, I have always found those Drops to be truly an infallible medicine, never failing to produce a speedy and effectual cure. Yours, respectfully, MICHAEL WARNER.

To Mr. Noah Ridgely.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment, warranted to cure the ITCH by one application.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion, An excellent medicine for curing tetters, ringworms, prickly heat, &c.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, an effectual cure for the Venereal and Gonorrhœa.

Lee's Tooth-Ache Drops, which give immediate relief.

Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth.

Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head-aches.

Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns.

Hundreds of cases of cures performed by the above truly valuable medicines could be given, did the limits of a newspaper admit of it.

☞ The above highly approved medicines are sold by appointment, by B. A. FAHNESTOCK and CHAS. AVERY & CO., Pittsburgh, who have just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

November 4—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure is guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept. 10.—tf.

HOLDERS OF NOTES on the Westmoreland Bank of Greensburgh, will find it to their advantage to call at this office. The highest price will be paid for this paper, if presented immediately. GEORGE A COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't.

August 30, 1831

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:
1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,---all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829---tf.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE—The subscriber has removed his office to No. 33 St. Clair street, near the Allegheny Bridge. City and Country SURVEYING attended to as usual. JEAN BARBEAU.

N. B. Maps of Pittsburgh and its Environs, for sale at this office. Nov 15

CIRCULAR.—The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have associated together for the purpose of transacting a general FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm of

LITTLE & HAYS,

and have taken that commodious brick warehouse, Nos. 3 & 5 Market st't, where they are prepared to receive any consignments directed to their care. As they neither have nor intend having any interest or agency in any boats, correspondents may depend on having their goods forwarded without delay, unless otherwise directed.

They will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, which will be furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Orders and Consignments thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM LITTLE,
ROBERT S. HAYS.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1831---tf

New Hardware Store,

NO. 66, WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.---tf

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,

June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

PIG METAL.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Amulet, a Lot of Pig Metal, which they offer for sale. As they are receiving heavy consignments, they will shortly be enabled to offer to the consumers a regular supply of this article.

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Nov. 29.—tf

NOTES of the Dayton Manufacturing and Banking Company are received at this office at 3 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK.

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood str't

November 1

IN addition to the usual attractions of the Pennsylvania Museum, a SPLENDID COSMORAMA has just been fitted up, containing Views of various Cities, Public Buildings, &c. in Europe and America. Oct 4

The American Fire Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,

Sept. 25---tf *No* 108 *Second street, Pittsburgh.*

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

COACH TRIMMER & BLACKSMITH WANTED.—The subscriber wishes to employ a Coach Trimmer, and a Blacksmith acquainted with carriage work. To sober, industrious workmen, masters of the above branches, good wages and constant employment will be given. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. JAMES S. WHYTE.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1831.—tf.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5---tf.

JOHN ALEXANDER

Has Removed his Wholesale and Retail

CHEAP CASH STORE,

To his old, well known stand, 65 Market street,

ON which has been erected that splendid and extensive building with the IRON FRONT, where he is now opening, and will keep constantly on hand, a large stock of Staple, and the most splendid stock of Fancy DRY GOODS, ever offered in this city; which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at a small advance for cash.

Also, A large stock of MAHOGANY, at reduced prices. J. A.

August 2, 1831---tf

Domestic Woollen Goods.

CLOTHS, CASSINETTS, AND FLANNELS, of various colors and qualities: Just received from the manufactures, and for sale by the piece or package, on accommodating terms, by

COCHRAN & IRWIN.

ALSO, COTTON GOODS, viz:—Tickings, Plaids, Checks, and an assortment of Cotton Yarn. September 9.

EXCHANGE.

NOTES of the Commercial Bank of Lake Erie, at Cleaveland, are received at this office at 2 per cent.: Geauga, 2: Muskingum, 1½: New York, generally, 1¼a2 per cent.

Wanted, Gold of every description.

GEORGE A. COOK,
No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

April 17.

50 HHDS. Prime N. O. Sugar;
90 bbls. Molasses;
25 half bbls. do
100 boxes Tin Plate, I-3 x;
100 bbls. No. 2 Mackerel;
50 bbls. No. 3 do;
30 half bbls. Nos. 1 and 2 do;
9 bbls. New England Rum;
50 do Tanners' Oil;
50 do Rosin and Pitch;
5 casks Cod Fish;
6 tierces Rice;
100 kegs Ky. Manufactured Tobacco;
150 boxes Melee Cigars.

Just received and for sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.

May 4---tf

Piano Forte Instruction.

MISS CRUMPTON proposes giving lessons upon the Piano Forte, to a limited number of young ladies, and hopes, by constant and unremitting attention, to merit a share of public patronage. Application to be made at Miss Crumpton's residence, No. 132 Penn street, above Hand street, where terms, &c. will be made known.

Pittsbargh, March 23, 1832.—3m

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness. Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical: takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly. D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26—tf.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

HOLDERS of Sovereigns, Guineas, and every description of GOLD, can obtain the very highest prices, by applying at this office.—Every description of paper discounted at reduced rates. GEORGE A COOK.

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. October 21, 1831.---tf.

New Establishment!!!

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have opened a Wholesale

Dry Goods and Fur Store!

AT NO. 90 WOOD STREET,

between Fifth street and Diamond alley, under the firm of

M. E. MOEHRING & BROTHER;

where they intend keeping constantly on hand, a general assortment of *Staple and Fancy Articles*, mostly of their own importation from Europe.—Also, all kinds of HATTERS' FURS, LEATHERS, AND TRIMMINGS, which they will sell at wholesale on liberal terms.

☞ Being engaged in the Shipping Trade to Europe, they will purchase Furs and Deer Skins, for which they will pay the highest cash price, and will take in trade, Produce, suitable for the Eastern Market, such as Feathers, Bees-wax, Rags, and Wool. City and Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call.

MORITZ E. MOEHRING,
MOSES E. MOEHRING.

☞ Country Merchants will find good sale for Wool Hats, either for cash, or in exchange for goods. Pittsburgh, Feb. 28, 1832.---3mo.

40 HOGSHEADS LEAF TOBACCO;
100 bbls. LOAF SUGAR;
20 hhds. N. O. SUGAR;
250 bbls. Fresh MACKEREL, Nos. 1, 2, & 3;
100 bags COFFEE;

For sale by COCHRAN & IRWIN,
Feb. 17—tf Nos. 108 and 110 Second street.

50 Hogsheads Kentucky Leaf Tobacco;
65 do New Orleans Sugar;
50 boxes Cavendish Tobacco.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

March 9.

DRUGS, &c.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have opened a *Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, at No. 162 Liberty street, (opposite Sixth street,)* where they have received, and intend keeping, a general supply of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c., which they will sell on the most reasonable terms.

Having made arrangements in the eastern cities for a regular supply, they are enabled to sell at the lowest prices. ☞Physicians and country merchants are respectfully invited to call.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1832.—6m

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

E. HALE, SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. B. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

60 BALES first quality Ky. Leaf Tobacco;
25 hhds do do do

Just received and for sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & Co.,
No. 38 Water, and 78 Front streets.

May 4—3t